# Uniform Local Rules United States Bankruptcy Courts

Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi



Originally Adopted February 1, 2010

As Amended December 1, 2024 March 1, 2026

# **Numbering System for Uniform Local Rules**

In accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 83, Federal Bankruptcy Rule 9029, and the policies of the Judicial Conference of the United States, the Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi are numbered consistent with related Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. The Uniform Local Rules reference only those Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure for which a related local rule has been adopted.

# **Uniform Local Rules**

# United States Bankruptcy Courts Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi

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# United States Bankruptcy Courts Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi

# Order Adopting Amended Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules

The Bankruptcy Judges of the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi originally adopted Uniform Local Rules with an Effective Date of February 1, 2010.

Whereas the need for certain amendments to the Uniform Local Rules has arisen, and after the opportunity for public review and comment, the Bankruptcy Judges of the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi do hereby adopt the attached Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules, as amended, effective December 1, 2024.

This Order is entered pursuant to the following: 28 U.S.C. § 2071; Rule 9029, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure; the Order entered by the District Judges of the Northern District of Mississippi on July 26, 1988; the Order entered by the District Judges of the Southern District of Mississippi on August 5, 1988.

The Clerks of each Court shall cause certified copies of this Order and the attached Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules to be placed upon the records of each Court and shall forward certified copies to the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts and the Judicial Council of the Fifth Circuit.

This Order and the attached Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules shall be printed and made available by the Clerks of each Bankruptcy Court to the members of the Bar and to the public.

SO ORDERED. Effective December 1, 2024.

Selene D. Maddox

United States Bankruptcy Judge

Katharine M. Samson

United States Bankruptcy Judge

Jamie A. Wilson

United States Bankruptcy Judge

Jason D. Woodard

United States Bankruptcy Judge

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI

# <u>O R D E R</u>

It is hereby ordered that, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9029, the bankruptcy judges of this district are authorized, subject to the requirements of 83 FR Civ P, to make rules of practice and procedure not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Rules.

SO ORDERED this the 5th day of August, 1988.

WILLIAM H. BARBOUR, JR. UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

TOM S. LEE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

HENRY T. WHIGHTE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

WALTER J. SEX, IIIC

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI

IN RE: ADOPTION OF UNIFORM LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES FOR THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURTS IN THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN DISTRICTS OF MISSISSIPPI

#### ORDER

It is hereby ordered that pursuant to Rule 9029, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the bankruptcy judge of this district is hereby authorized, subject to the requirements of Rule 83, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, to make local rules regarding bankruptcy practice and procedure, not inconsistent with the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

ORDERED and ADJUDGED this the 1988.

8-2-88 時 2:55 产版 United States Bankrentcy Court Northern District of Mississipp) Joseph E. Wrolen, Clark

SENTER, JR., UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NEAL B. BIGGER UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

GLEN H. DAVIDSON

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

# **Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules**

#### Part I

# Commencing a Bankruptcy Case; The Petition, The Order for Relief, and Related Matters

# Rule 1001-1. Scope; Title; Citations; References to a Specific Form.

#### (b) Title.

These rules ("Local Rules") shall be known as the "Uniform Local Rules of the United States Bankruptcy Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi."

#### (c) Citation.

The Local Rules may be cited as "Miss. Bankr. L.R. "

#### (e) Effective Date.

These Local Rules, as originally adopted with an Effective Date of **February 1, 2010**, along with subsequent amendments approved by Orders of the bankruptcy judges, shall be effective as of **December 1, 2024 March 1, 2026**.

### (f) Scope.

- (1) These Local Rules govern proceedings in the United States Bankruptcy Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi in accordance with section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code <sup>1</sup> and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9029. The application of these Local Rules may be modified by the court in any given case or proceeding in the interest of justice.
- (2) All prior local rules and all standing orders or general orders issued prior to February 1, 2010, by the United States Bankruptcy Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi shall be repealed. The repeal of any prior rule or order shall not affect any act done pursuant to or obviate any act required by any prior local rule or order. These Local Rules govern all cases filed on and after the Effective Date. They shall also apply to cases and proceedings pending on the Effective Date, except to the extent that the court finds they would not be feasible or would work an injustice.
- (3) Nothing in these Local Rules precludes the bankruptcy courts from entering general standing orders or guidelines to supplement these Rules.
- (4) The bankruptcy courts, by Standing Orders, may adopt Mississippi Local Rules Forms for stated purposes. Ordinarily, these Local Forms shall be used in their given format with

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise noted, all references to the "Bankruptcy Code" or to "section \_\_\_\_" shall be references to Title 11 of the United States Code.

only such minor alterations as necessary to accommodate other word processing and printing equipment.

(5) All attorneys practicing before the bankruptcy courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi shall acquaint themselves with these Local Rules. Attorneys shall be subject to appropriate sanctions for failure to comply with these Local Rules, and nothing contained herein shall limit the authority of the bankruptcy courts to impose appropriate sanctions for failure to comply with these Local Rules, Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or other applicable law.

### Rule 1002-1. Commencing a Bankruptcy Case.

#### (a) In General.

- (1) All petitions shall be filed in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5005 and Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1.
- (2) Any Petitioner other than an unrepresented individual shall be represented by counsel.

#### (c) Notice.

Unless there are exigent circumstances, counsel for the debtor shall contact the United States Trustee at least two (2) business days prior to filing a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code for the purpose of advising the United States Trustee of the anticipated filing of the petition (without disclosing the identity of the debtor) and the matters on which the debtor intends to seek immediate relief. Counsel shall also comply with the noticing provisions set forth in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(g)(3).

# Rule 1006-1. Filing Fee.

#### (b) Paying by Installment.

#### (1) Application to Pay by Installment.

A debtor represented by counsel, that files an application to pay the filing fee in installments must file a disclosure from the debtor's counsel of an accounting for any fees paid by the debtor to debtor's counsel prior to filing the application. The disclosure shall be in a form as prescribed by the Clerk. Any portion of the filing fee received by counsel prior to the filing of the petition shall be paid to the Clerk at the time the petition is filed. Failure to comply with this subdivision may result in the denial of the application, the imposition of sanctions, or both, after notice and hearing.

#### (4) Fees Owed from Previous Case.

If a debtor files an application to pay filing fees in installments, and the debtor owes an unpaid fee from a previous case filed within five calendar years, the Court may deny the application and allow the debtor 14 days from the entry of the order to pay the entire filing fee for the current case. If the entire filing fee is not paid, the Court may dismiss the case without further notice or hearing.

#### Rule 1007-1. Lists, Schedules, Statements, and Other Documents; Time to File.

#### (c) Time to File.

#### (1) Voluntary Case—Various Documents.

In chapter 13 cases, the debtor shall file the schedules, statements and other documents, and a proposed chapter 13 plan (the "preliminary documents") within fourteen days of the order for relief pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(c) and 3015(b). If a bankruptcy petition is not accompanied by the preliminary documents, the Clerk shall cause the debtor's attorney (or the debtor) to be notified of the rule requiring such documents to be filed within fourteen days from the order for relief and the Court's policy of enforcing the rule through the *sua sponte* dismissal of the case.

# (7) Extending the Time to File.

For cause shown, the fourteen-day deadline may be extended by the Court pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(b)(1). As a general rule, the Court will grant a debtor only a single fourteen-day extension to file the preliminary documents. Further requests for extension may be summarily denied by the Court. Any request for an additional extension must include a demonstration of good cause.

#### Rule 1009-1. Amending a Voluntary Petition, List, Schedule, or Statement.

### (a) In General.

#### (1) By a Debtor.

If at any time after the clerk<sup>2</sup> issues notice of the meeting of creditors under section 341 in a case under any chapter under title 11, the debtor amends Schedule D, E or F and/or the creditor matrix to add any creditors, the following procedures shall apply:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Clerk" means the United States Bankruptcy Clerk for the appropriate district.

- (A) The debtor shall pay the prescribed filing fee;
- **(B)** The debtor shall serve upon such additional creditors by first class mail:
  - (i) A copy of the first notice of meeting of creditors under section 341 with the debtor's full social security account number shown thereon;
  - (ii) A notice informing the creditors that they have 60 days within which to file a complaint objecting to discharge under section 727 or section 1141 or to the dischargeability of any debt under section 523(c); to file a motion objecting to discharge under section 727 or section 1328; or to file a motion to seek an extension of time for filing a complaint or motion objecting to discharge, unless a longer period of time is provided by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4004, 4007 or 9006;
  - (iii) A notice informing the creditors that they have 21 days to request the United States Trustee<sup>3</sup> to schedule an adjourned section 341 meeting of creditors; and
  - (iv) Notice of Additional Time to File Proof of Claim.
    - (a) In a case filed under Chapter 7, 12 or 13, the debtor shall serve upon such additional creditors by first class mail a notice informing the creditors of the creditor's right to file a proof of claim within 70 days from the date of the notice.
    - **(b)** In a case filed under Chapter 11, the debtor shall serve upon such additional creditors by first class mail a notice informing the creditors of the creditor's right to file a proof of claim by the bar date provided on the meeting of creditor's notice or 30 days from the date of the notice, whichever is later.
- **(C)** The debtor shall file a certificate of service with the clerk and provide an amended creditor matrix to the clerk in such format as the clerk's office may direct.

# (2) Applicability of Rule 3003-1(c)(3)(ii).

Rule 3003-1(c)(3)(ii) shall apply if the debtor or trustee in a chapter 11 case amends schedules to change the amount, nature, classification, or characterization of a debt after a bar date for the filing of proofs of claim has been set.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "United States Trustee" means the appropriate person within the Office of the United States Trustee.

# Rule 1015-1. Consolidating or Jointly Administering Cases Pending in the Same District.

# (b) Jointly Administering Cases Involving Related Debtors; Exemption of Spouses; Protective Orders to Avoid Conflicts of Interest.

A party in interest may file a motion seeking an order of joint administration after notice and opportunity for hearing, upon the filing of a motion for joint administration pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1015, supported by an affidavit, declaration or verification, which establishes that the joint administration of two or more cases pending in the court under title 11 is warranted and will ease the administrative burden for the court and the parties. An order of joint administration entered in accordance with this local rule may be reconsidered upon motion of any party in interest at any time. An order of joint administration under this local rule is for procedural purposes only and shall not cause a substantive consolidation of the respective debtors' estates.

# Rule 1017-1. Dismissing a Case; Suspending Proceedings; Converting a Case to Another Chapter.

#### (f) Procedures for Dismissing, Suspending, or Converting a Case.

#### (2) Cases Requiring a Motion.

- (A) A debtor in a case filed under chapter 13 may move to dismiss the case pursuant to section 1307(b). The debtor's motion shall be in writing and shall state whether the case has been converted previously under section 706, 1112, or 1208.
- **(B)** The motion shall be filed and served as required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013.
- **(C)** If the court determines that dismissal is appropriate, the court may enter an ex parte order granting the debtor's motion without notice or hearing. Notwithstanding entry of the order, any party in interest may file an objection to the debtor's motion within 14 days of entry of the order. Upon consideration of any objection timely filed, the court may, at its discretion, conduct a hearing or rule on the matter without a hearing.

#### Part II

# Officers and Administration; Notices; Meetings; Examinations; Elections and Appointments; Final Report; Compensation

#### Rule 2002-1. Notices.

### (j) Notice to the United States.

In the event that the United States of America or any agency thereof is listed as a creditor, the debtor or debtor in possession, shall include on the master mailing list or matrix the name of the agency in care of the United States Attorney for the district in which the case is filed and also the name of the agency at its local field office address. This rule supplements, and in no way modifies, the notice requirements of Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(j).

#### (m) Orders Concerning Notices.

Whenever a party requests the court to limit the number of persons or entities to whom notice is given for any particular matter, the following categories of persons or entities (without prohibiting noticing to other persons or entities) must be included in any such limited notice:

- (1) All persons or entities constituting the creditors' committee or the equity security holders' committee, if any, in a chapter 11 case, or if there is no creditors' committee, all entities constituting the 20 largest unsecured creditors;
- (2) All persons or entities noted on the docket (or otherwise reasonably ascertainable) as having entered their respective appearances by filing documents declaring their respective entries of appearance and/or requesting further noticing; provided however, the elimination of any such entities on account of their having been terminated as interested parties or otherwise having concluded their interest shall be left to the noticing entity, subject to due process considerations;
- (3) All necessary or appropriate taxing authorities;
- (4) The United States Trustee;
- (5) The United States Attorney for the district in which the case is pending, if applicable;
- (6) All attorneys identified on the docket (or otherwise reasonably ascertainable) as having participated in the case except any attorney or attorneys who shall have been permitted by the court to withdraw from representation or who, in the discretion of the noticing entity, shall no longer be a necessary notice subject to due process considerations; and
- (7) The case trustee, if a trustee has been appointed.

# Rule 2003-1. Meeting of Creditors or Equity Security Holders.

### (a) Date and Place of the Meeting.

### (4) Appearance.

The appearance of the debtor and the debtor's attorney at the section 341(a) meeting is mandatory, unless waived as set forth in subsection (3) below. Failure of the debtor and the debtor's attorney to attend this meeting may result in the dismissal of the bankruptcy case or the imposition of sanctions (including the assessment of the expenses and attorney's fees of creditors attending the meeting as noticed), or both, but such dismissal or sanctions shall be granted by the court only after notice and a hearing.

# (5) Rescheduling Section 341 Meeting.

Rescheduling of the section 341 meeting shall be for good cause shown. Any request made prior to the scheduled section 341(a) meeting to reschedule the section 341(a) meeting shall be submitted to the United States Trustee (or, to the case trustee if such authority has been delegated by the United States Trustee) in Chapter 7, 12, or 13 cases and to the United States Trustee in all other cases, and such request shall be made at least seven (7) days prior to the scheduled section 341 meeting, except in emergency or extraordinary circumstances. If this request is denied by the case trustee or United States Trustee (as appropriate), a motion to reschedule the section 341 meeting may be made to the court. In the event the section 341 meeting is rescheduled, the requesting party shall be responsible for notifying all creditors of the date of the rescheduled section 341(a) meeting, and failure to so notify creditors may result in the imposition of appropriate sanctions.

#### (6) Waiver of Appearance.

Upon written motion, the court, after notice and hearing, for cause shown, may waive the appearance of the debtor at the section 341(a) meeting of creditors. Waivers may be granted where a debtor is physically unable to appear at the original or rescheduled section 341(a) meeting of creditors or is unable to appear because of a mental incapacity. A motion to waive appearance shall be filed at least seven (7) days prior to the initial meeting of creditors or any rescheduled meeting of creditors and served on the interim trustee or the case trustee, as appropriate, the United States Trustee and all creditors.

#### Rule 2004-1. Examinations.

#### (a) In General.

#### (1) Good Faith Duty to Confer.

Counsel for the parties and any unrepresented individuals shall have a duty to make a good faith effort to resolve by agreement, among themselves, any disputes with regard to an examination and production of documents under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004, including its scheduling, its scope, its length and the production of documents. Any objection to an order for a Rule 2004 examination, a motion to enforce compliance with such an order or with a subpoena under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9016 or a motion seeking to modify, limit or quash such an order shall be accompanied by a statement certifying that counsel for the moving or objecting party or the unrepresented individual have conferred or made a good faith effort to confer in an attempt to resolve the controversy by agreement, but that such efforts were not successful.

# (2) Examination by Notice.

Examination and production of documents pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004 may be initiated by notice, if the entity to be examined consents. The notice shall specify the scope of the examination and the date, time and place of the examination; describe any documents to be produced; and shall be served upon the debtor, the debtor's attorney, the chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 trustee as appropriate, the United States Trustee, and the entity to be examined. The notice must be filed and served no later than 14 days before the date set for the examination.

#### Rule 2014-1. Employing Professionals.

#### (a) Order Approving Employment; Application for Employment.

#### (1) Order Approving Employment.

An order approving the employment of attorneys, accountants, appraisers, auctioneers, agents, or other professionals will not constitute approval of the professional's fee contract or compensation. A request for approval of a professional's fee contract or compensation will be made by separate application in accordance with Fed. R. Bank. P. 2016, and approved by a separate order.

#### (2) Application for Employment.

In addition to the requirements of Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2014(a), an application seeking to employ multiple professionals, in contingency cases, shall include a specific allocation of fees, by percentage, among such professionals.

### (c) Nunc Pro Tunc Application.

- (1) If an application for the approval of the employment of a professional seeks to make the authority retroactive to the commencement, the application must include:
  - (A) An explanation of why the application was not filed earlier;
  - **(B)** An explanation why the order authorizing employment is required *nunc pro tunc*; and
  - **(C)** An explanation, to the best of the applicant's knowledge, how approval of the application may prejudice any parties-in-interest.
- (2) An application for approval of employment of a professional *nunc pro tunc* shall be approved only on notice and opportunity for hearing. All creditors in the case must be served with notice of the application.

# Rule 2015-1. Duty to Keep Records, Make Reports, and Give Notices.

# (c) Duties of a Chapter 12 Trustee or Debtor in Possession.

In a Chapter 12 case, the debtor in possession or the trustee shall file a Monthly Operating Report in the form prescribed by the United States Trustee. The Monthly Operating Report shall be filed on or before the 20th day of each month following the month the subject of the report until a plan is confirmed, or the case is converted or dismissed. A signed copy of the Monthly Operating Report shall be furnished to the United States Trustee.

# Rule 2016-1. Compensation for Services Rendered; Reimbursing Expenses.

### (b) Disclosing Compensation Paid or Promised to the Debtor's Attorney.

If the statement required under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b) is not timely filed, the case shall be subject to dismissal. At the meeting of creditors required by section 341, the officer conducting the meeting shall review the statement of disclosure of compensation to verify that it complies with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b). If the statement fails to comply with the rule, the presiding officer may promptly file a motion to show cause why the case should not be dismissed.

#### (d) Compensation of Chapter 13 Debtor's Attorneys.

- (1) In chapter 13 cases filed after the Effective Date of these rules, the court, by separate standing order, which may be amended from time to time, may set a cap on the amount of fees that generally will be approved ex parte without the need for notice and a hearing.
- (2) The fee approved by the court will be on the basis that the scope of representation by the attorney includes both pre-confirmation and post-confirmation representation of the debtor, except for representation in any adversary proceeding. Once an attorney sets a fee and files a petition for the debtor, the attorney is expected to represent the debtor conscientiously on all matters within the scope of the representation until the debtor is granted or denied a discharge or the case is dismissed. No additional fee shall be sought from the debtor or accepted by the attorney without prior court approval.
- (3) In larger business cases or in cases involving an inordinate amount of time or representation in an adversary proceeding, the court will consider a request for attorney's fees in excess of the previously approved amount.

#### Part III

# Claims; Plans; Distributions to Creditors and Equity Security Holders

#### Rule 3001-1. Proof of Claim.

#### (a) Definition and Form.

A creditor asserting a secured claim shall submit, as an attachment, proof that the asserted security interest has been perfected in accordance with applicable law.

#### (e) Transferred Claim.

#### (2) Claim Transferred After a Proof of Claim Was Filed.

Any assignment or other evidence of a transfer of claim filed after the proof of claim has been filed shall include the claim number of the claim to be transferred. In chapter 11 cases, any assignment or other evidence of a transfer of a claim filed where no proof of claim has been filed shall include reference to the scheduled claim, including the classification and amount.

#### (6) Notice Not Required.

Where evidence of full or partial transfer of a claim is filed which contains the signatures of both the transferor and transferee and such evidence of transfer is filed pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3001(e)(4) and in accordance with the Local Rules, the clerk shall not provide notice of the filing of evidence of the transfer and no objection deadline for the transfer of the claim shall be established. The transferor shall be deemed to have waived any objection to the transfer, and the claim shall be noted as having been transferred in the records of the court.

#### (7) Order Not Required.

Where notice is required, absent any timely filed objection to the notice of transfer served by the clerk, the claim, without any further order of the court, shall be noted as having been transferred in the records of the court.

# Rule 3002-1. Filing a Proof of Claim or Interest.

#### (c) Time to File.

As provided in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 1009-1(a)(1)(B)(iv)(a), in a case filed under Chapter 7, 12 or 13, where the debtor amends Schedule D or E/F and/or the creditor matrix to add any creditors, the debtor shall serve upon such additional creditors by first class mail a notice informing the creditors of the creditor's right to file a proof of claim within 70 days from the date of the notice.

#### Rule 3003-1. Chapter 9 or 11—Filing a Proof of Claim or Equity Interest.

#### (c) Filing a Proof of Claim.

#### (3) Time to File.

- (i) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, all persons and entities that assert a claim, as defined in section 101(5) against the debtor which arose on or prior to the filing of the Chapter 11 petition shall file a proof of such claim on or before the date that is 120 days (or 70 days in a case filed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11) after the date of the order for relief, except that proofs of claim filed by governmental units must be filed on or before the date that is 180 days after the date of the order for relief.
- (ii) In a case filed under Chapter 11, if the debtor or trustee in a chapter 11 case amends the debtor's schedules to change the amount, nature, classification, or characterization of a debt owing to a creditor after a bar date has been set, the debtor or trustee shall serve notice of the amendment to the creditor within 14 days of its filing and shall serve notice of the creditor's right to file a proof of claim by the bar date or 30 days from the date of the notice, whichever is later.

# Rule 3007-1. Objecting to a Claim.

# (a) Time and Manner of Serving the Objection.

#### (3) Minimum Information for Objection to Claims; Requirements.

An objection to a claim shall include, at a minimum, the following information:

- (A) The name of claimant;
- **(B)**The claim number as indicated on the claims docket maintained by the clerk;
- (C)The claim amount;

- (D) The basis for the objection; and
- **(E)** The amount of the claim, if any, to which there is no objection.

# (4) Notice; Hearing.

Objections to claims are contested matters and may be considered after notice and opportunity for a hearing. The objecting party shall file and serve a copy of the objection with notice of a 30-day response period to the claimant, the debtor or debtor in possession, the trustee, and as otherwise required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007. If a timely response to a claims objection is filed, a hearing on the claims objection will be conducted in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007.

# Rule 3015-1. Chapter 12 or 13—Time to File a Plan; Nonstandard Provisions; Objection to Confirmation; Effect of Confirmation; Modifying a Plan.

#### (d) Serving a Copy of the Plan.

In all chapter 13 cases, the attorney for the debtor (or the debtor) shall serve a copy of the plan and a notice on the trustee, the United States Trustee, and all creditors no later than 7 days after the filing of the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309I) or the filing of the plan, whichever is later. The notice shall include the objection deadline as announced in the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309I). The notice shall substantially comply with the format prescribed by the Clerk and made available on the Court's website. If a chapter 13 plan includes a Motion for Valuation of Collateral pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3012 or a Motion to Avoid Lien pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4003, the attorney for the debtor (or the debtor) shall serve a copy of the plan and a notice on affected creditors in the manner provided by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004 for service of a summons and complaint. The attorney for the debtor (or the debtor) shall file the notice and a certificate of service with the court that includes a copy of the plan and a record of the parties served.

# (g) Effect of Confirmation of a Chapter 12 or Chapter 13 Plan on the Amount of a Secured Claim; Terminating the Stay.

### (3) Order Confirming Chapter 13 Plan.

A proposed order confirming chapter 13 plan shall be submitted by the chapter 13 trustee using the local form authorized by the judges of the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi. The local form is included as Appendix B to these Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules.

From time to time, the judges of the Northern and Southern Districts may change the format or make typographical corrections to the local form order confirming chapter 13 plan. Any

such non-substantive changes will be reported to registered attorney filers via email. If the judges seek to make substantive changes to the local form order confirming chapter 13 plan, such proposed changes will be advertised for public comment and submitted to the Fifth Circuit Judicial Council for final approval as an amendment to the local rules.

# (h) Modifying a Plan After It Is Confirmed.

# (1) Request to Modify a Plan After It Is Confirmed.

If a debtor in a chapter 12 or a chapter 13 case files a request to modify a confirmed plan pursuant to sections 1229 or 1329 based in whole or in part upon a change in the amount of the debtor's income or expenses, the debtor shall file amended Schedules I and J evidencing such change in financial circumstances contemporaneously with the Notice of Modification.

#### (3) Secured Claims Timely Filed After Plan Confirmation.

If a proof of claim, which claims a security interest in the property of the debtor, is timely filed after confirmation of the plan, but is not provided for in the plan, the claim can only be paid through the confirmed plan following a request for modification and order, as provided for in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3015(h). Nothing contained herein shall control the treatment of the claim in the confirmed plan.

# Rule 3015.1-1 Requirements for a Local Form for a Chapter 13 Plan.

All chapter 13 plans filed by or on behalf of the debtor shall be filed using the local form authorized by the judges of the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi under the authority of Fed. R. Bankr. P 3015.1. The local form chapter 13 plan for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi is included as Appendix A to these Uniform Local Bankruptcy Rules.

All information entered on the local form chapter 13 plan shall be in a typewritten format. The filer of a chapter 13 plan shall not attempt to make substantive alterations to the local form chapter 13 plan (i.e., strike-through of standard provisions, add new standard provisions, use Part 8 of the local form chapter 13 plan to alter existing standard provisions or add non-standard provisions that are inapplicable to the debtor's case). The Court may strike a chapter 13 plan that is submitted with substantive alterations to the local form chapter 13 plan.

From time to time, the judges of the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi may change the format or make non-substantive changes to the local form chapter 13 plan in Appendix A. Any such non-substantive changes will be reported to registered attorney filers via email. If the judges seek to make substantive changes to the local form chapter 13 plan, such proposed changes will be advertised for public comment and submitted to the Fifth Circuit Judicial Council for final approval as an amendment to the local rules.

# Rule 3018-1. Chapter 9 or 11—Accepting or Rejecting a Plan.

#### (e) Voting.

Unless provided otherwise by order of the Court, no ballots shall be filed with the Clerk of Court. The notice, which is required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3017(d), shall direct that all ballots be submitted to the plan proponent, or designated agent, at a specified mailing address.

#### (f) Ballot Summary and Certification.

For all hearings on confirmation of a Chapter 11 plan, the plan proponent must prepare a written *Ballot Summary and Certification* in substantially the same format as prescribed by the Clerk and made available on the Court's website. At least three days prior to the confirmation hearing, the plan proponent or its designated agent shall file with the Court the *Ballot Summary and Certification* and, unless the Court orders otherwise, attach copies of all ballots thereto.

#### Rule 3022-1. Chapter 11—Final Decree.

#### (a) Closing of Chapter 11 Cases.

#### (1) Motion.

Upon written motion, a party in interest may seek the entry of a final decree to close a chapter 11 case at any time after the confirmed plan has been entered provided that all required fees due under 28 U.S.C. §1930 have been paid. Such motion shall include a proposed final order closing the lead case and any jointly administered cases and shall identify the case name and the case number of all cases to be closed under the order.

#### (2) Service.

A motion for the entry of a final order closing the Chapter 11 case shall be served upon the debtor, the trustee, if any, the United States Trustee, all official committees and all creditors who have filed a request for notice under Fed. R. Bankr. P.s 2002 and 9010.

#### (3) Final Report.

The debtor (or trustee, if any) shall file a final report and account in the form prescribed by the United States Trustee on or before fourteen (14) days prior to the hearing on any motion to close the case.

#### Part IV

#### The Debtor's Duties and Benefits

- Rule 4001-1. Relief from the Automatic Stay; Prohibiting or Conditioning the Use, Sale, or Lease of Property; Using Cash Collateral; Obtaining Credit; Various Agreements.
- (a) Relief from the Automatic Stay; Prohibiting or Conditioning the Use, Sale, or Lease of Property.

#### (1) Motion.

#### (C) Service.

A motion pursuant to section 362(d) and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(1) seeking relief from the automatic stay shall be served in the manner provided for by Fed. R. Bankr. P.s 9014 and 7004. Additionally, unless otherwise ordered by the court, such motion shall be served on any entity having a known lien on the subject property (excluding ad valorem taxing authorities) or that will be affected by the relief requested in the motion; on the United States Trustee; on the case trustee; on any chapter 11 creditors' committee (or its agent); on the creditors listed pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(d) (only in the absence of duly appointed creditors' committees); and on any person or entity who has filed a request for the receipt of all notices in the case or proceeding and who has served such requests on the trustee or debtor in possession.

#### (D) Supporting Documentation.

When a motion seeking relief from the automatic stay is filed, the moving party shall include in the motion and/or attach to the motion the following:

- (i) A description of the subject property;
- (ii) A complete and legible copy of movant's security agreements and security instruments which establish a valid lien encumbering the subject property;
- (iii) The value of the subject property and the basis of the valuation; and,
- (iv) The amount of the outstanding indebtedness secured by each lien encumbering the subject property as reflected by the schedules of the debtor(s) or such other amount as may be known by the movant.

#### (E) Initial 4001-1 Conference.

The attorneys for movant or any objecting parties shall confer with respect to the issues raised by the motion in advance of the hearing for the purpose of determining whether a consensual order may be entered and/or for the purpose of stipulating to relevant facts, such as the value of the property and the extent and validity of any security instrument.

#### (F) Agreed Order.

- (i) If the moving creditor, the debtor(s) and the trustee agree as to the relief to be granted and if relief from the automatic stay as well as abandonment is not contested, an agreed order signed by the debtor(s) or the attorney for the debtor(s), the trustee and the moving creditor shall be submitted to the court for consideration no later than 14 days after the date scheduled for hearing on the subject motion. Parties to whom the order or judgment has been submitted shall promptly sign it or promptly contact the party who drafted it to express any objection to the form of the proposed order or judgment. The parties shall attempt to resolve any differences in the form of the order or judgment before submitting competing orders or judgments to the court.
- (ii) As provided by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(d)(4), the court may direct that the procedures prescribed by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(d)(1)-(3) shall not apply and the agreement may be approved without further notice if the court determines that a motion made pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)-(c) was sufficient to afford reasonable notice of the material provisions of the agreement and an opportunity for a hearing; otherwise, notice of the proposed agreed order shall be given to the appropriate creditors and parties in interest.

#### (G) Order Affecting Real Property.

Any Order affecting real property shall either incorporate the legal description of the real property in the body of the order itself, or attach a legal description of the real property as an exhibit to the order. This paragraph shall not apply to an Order to confirm a chapter 13 plan.

#### (4) Stay of an Order Granting Relief from the Automatic Stay.

Any proposed order granting relief from the automatic stay may not waive or reduce the 14-day stay unless the motion for relief from the automatic stay specifically states the basis for the waiver or reduction, although the moving creditor, debtor(s), and the trustee

may agree to waive or reduce the 14-day stay. The Court may require that a hearing be held on a request for a waiver or reduction of the 14-day stay.

# (b) Using Cash Collateral.

### (1) Motion; Content; Service.

#### (A) Motion.

Except as provided herein or in the Local Rules, all cash collateral and financing requests under 11 U.S.C. §§ 363 and 364 shall be heard by motion filed under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002, 4001 and 9014 ("Financing Motions"). All Financing Motions filed as an expedited or emergency matters, including specifically First Day Motions as defined in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9014-1 shall comply with Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(f) and 9014-1, in addition to this rule.

#### (B) Content.

All Financing Motions must (a) recite whether the proposed form of order and/or underlying cash collateral stipulation or loan agreement contains any provision of the type indicated below, (b) identify the location of any such provision in the proposed form of order, cash collateral stipulation and/or loan agreement and (c) justify the inclusion of such provision:

- (i) All of the provisions described in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(c)(1)(B) and (d)(1)(B).
- (ii) Provisions or findings of fact that bind the estate or other parties in interest with respect to the validity, perfection, priority or amount of the secured creditor's prepetition lien or the waiver of claims against the secured creditor without first giving parties in interest at least seventy-five (75) days from the entry of the order and the creditors' committee, if formed, at least sixty (60) days from the date of its formation to investigate such matters;
- (iii) Provisions that deem prepetition secured debt to be postpetition debt or that use postpetition loans from a prepetition secured creditor to pay part or all of that secured creditor's prepetition debt, other than as provided in 11 U.S.C. § 552(b);
- (iv) Provisions that provide disparate treatment for the professionals retained by a creditors' committee from those professionals retained by the debtor with respect to a professional fee carve-out;
- (v) Provisions that prime any secured lien without the consent of that lienor;

- (vi) Provisions that grant liens on the debtor's property that is unencumbered by consensual liens;
- (vii) Provisions that grant the secured creditor the right to exercise remedies upon a default by the debtor, without notice to the debtor and other parties-in-interest, a hearing, and further order of the court; and
- (viii) Provisions or findings of fact that purport to bind a later appointed trustee to the agreement of the debtor.

### (D) Essential Terms of Proposed Use.

All Financing Motions shall also provide a summary of the essential terms of the proposed use of cash collateral and/or financing (e.g., the maximum borrowing available on a final basis, the interim borrowing limit, borrowing conditions, interest rate, maturity, events of default, use of funds limitations and protections afforded under 11 U.S.C. §§ 363 and 364).

#### (E) Interim Relief.

When Financing Motions are filed with the Court on or shortly after the petition date, the Court may grant interim relief pending review by interested parties of the proposed debtor-in-possession financing arrangements. Such interim relief shall be only what is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the estate pending a final hearing. In the absence of extraordinary circumstances, the Court will not approve interim financing orders that include any of the provisions previously identified in Sections (1)(A)(i)-(viii).

#### (F) Final Orders.

A final order shall be entered only after notice and a hearing under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001. Ordinarily, the final hearing shall be held at least five (5) business days following the organizational meeting of the creditors' committee contemplated by 11 U.S.C. § 1102.

#### (c) Obtaining Credit.

The provisions of subpart (b) of this rule shall apply to all motions filed requesting credit under 11 U.S.C. § 364 except as set forth in 4002-1(b)(6).

# (e) Procedure Regarding Motion to Extend the Automatic Stay Pursuant to Section 362(c)(3)(B).

(1) Any party in interest seeking a continuation of the automatic stay pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §362(c)(3)(B), shall file, in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013, a motion and proposed order. The movant shall state whether continuation of the automatic stay is sought with

respect to all creditors or, if less than all creditors, shall specify the creditor(s) with respect to whom the continuation of the automatic stay is sought. The movant also shall set forth facts to establish that the filing of the present bankruptcy case was in good faith.

- (A) Motion to extend the automatic stay pursuant to § 362(c)(3)(B) must be filed within 7 days after the date of the filing of the petition.
- **(B)** Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, the debtor must file a *Declaration in Support of the Motion* (the "Declaration") as an attachment to the motion. The Declaration shall be in the form as prescribed by the Clerk.
- **(C)** The debtor must serve a copy of the motion and Declaration on all parties against whom the debtor seeks to continue the stay within 2 days after the filing of the motion and Declaration and file a certificate of service with the clerk.
- (2) For a motion to continue the automatic stay filed on or within 7 days of the date of filing the petition, the court shall set a hearing date no later than 30 days after the filing of the petition. For a motion to continue the automatic stay filed more than 7 days after the date of the filing of the petition, the court shall set a hearing date with not less than 14 days notice. The mere filing of the motion will not extend the automatic stay beyond the 30th day after the filing of the petition. If the hearing date is more than 30 days after the date of the filing of the petition, it is incumbent on the debtor or other party in interest to seek an injunction (through the filing of a complaint and motion for a Temporary Restraining Order) to stop any creditor/lienholder collection efforts which may be scheduled to occur after the 30th day following the filing of the petition, but before the hearing on the motion to continue the automatic stay.
- (3) A party in interest opposing a motion for continuation of the automatic stay must file a response to the motion. The opponent shall state specifically why the motion should not be granted or state any conditions or limitations that should be imposed upon granting a continuance of the stay.
- (4) In the absence of a timely filed response, and the debtor has filed an appropriate Declaration in support of the Motion, the Court may grant the motion without conducting a hearing.
- (f) Procedure Regarding Motion to Impose the Automatic Stay Pursuant to Section 362(c)(4)(B).
  - (1) Any party in interest seeking to impose the automatic stay pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §362(c)(4)(B), shall file, in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013, a motion and proposed

order. The movant shall state whether imposing the automatic stay is sought with respect to all creditors or, if less than all creditors, shall specify the creditor(s) with respect to whom imposing the automatic stay is sought. The movant also shall set forth facts to establish that the filing of the present bankruptcy case was in good faith.

- (A) Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, the debtor must file a *Declaration in Support of the Motion* (the "Declaration") as an attachment to the motion. The Declaration shall be in the form prescribed by the Clerk and made available on the Court's website.
- **(B)** The debtor must serve a copy of the motion and Declaration on all parties against whom the debtor seeks to impose the stay within 2 days after the filing of the motion and Declaration and file a certificate of service with the clerk.
- (2) For a motion to impose the automatic stay pursuant to § 362(c)(4)(B), the court shall set a hearing with not less than 14 days notice except under extraordinary circumstance. The mere filing of the motion will not impose the automatic stay. It is incumbent on the debtor or other party in interest to seek an injunction (through the filing of a complaint and motion for a Temporary Restraining Order) to stop any creditor/lienholder collection efforts which may be scheduled to occur before the hearing on the motion to impose the automatic stay.
- (3) A party in interest opposing a motion to impose the automatic stay must file a response to the motion. The opponent shall state specifically why the motion should not be granted or state any conditions or limitations that should be imposed upon granting the motion to impose the stay.
- (4) In the absence of a timely filed response, and the debtor has filed an appropriate Declaration in support of the Motion, the Court may grant the motion without conducting a hearing.

#### Rule 4002-1. Debtor's Duties.

#### (c) Duties Prior to Filing Petition and Schedules.

Prior to filing the petition, schedules and statement of financial affairs, the attorney for the debtor shall review the petition, schedules and statement of financial affairs to determine that:

(1) The current official form has been used;

- (2) The petition, schedules and statement of financial affairs have been completed and all information provided by the debtor has been accurately listed;
- (3) A statutory citation is stated for all state and federal exemptions claimed;
- (4) The debtor and the debtor's attorney have signed the petition at all appropriate places and the debtor has signed the schedules and the statement of financial affairs at all appropriate places; and
- (5) A notice of alternative chapters under which an individual debtor(s) may proceed has been properly executed by the debtor(s) and filed with the bankruptcy petition in all individual cases.

#### (d) Duties After Filing Petition and Schedules.

- (1) After filing the petition, the attorney shall fully cooperate with the trustee in the performance of the trustee's duties and shall keep the trustee advised of all matters pertinent to the Debtor and the administration of the estate.
- (2) If the debtor operates a business, the attorney shall assist the trustee in obtaining all business records, ledgers, journals and cancelled checks of the debtor, all keys to the debtor's business, insurance policies, leases and contracts of the debtor. At the request of the trustee, such items shall be delivered by the debtor to the trustee.
- (3) The attorney shall determine whether the debtor wishes to retain any assets subject to a security interest or lien, and, if so, shall contact each such creditor to determine the fair value of the collateral and whether the creditor desires for the debtor to redeem the collateral or to reaffirm the indebtedness secured by the collateral. The attorney shall determine whether such collateral is exempt property; whether there is any equity in the property for the debtor's estate; whether the property is redeemable under section 722 and whether a reaffirmation is in the best interest of the debtor.
- (4) The attorney shall appear at all meetings of creditors, prepared to inform the trustee and/or the presiding officer of any agreements to redeem personal property between the creditors and the debtor.
- (5) At the time of the filing of the petition, the attorney shall notify the United States Trustee if the estate of the debtor contains assets that need to be preserved or protected.
- (6) In a chapter 13 case, a debtor not engaged in business seeking to incur postpetition debt, shall file, in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013, a motion and proposed order.

# (e) Debtor's Duty to Provide Personal Identification Upon Excused Absence from Section 341 Meeting.

When a debtor seeks to obtain an excused absence from attending the first meeting of creditors, the debtor shall file a motion to be excused from attending the section 341 meeting. In addition, the debtor shall provide to the case trustee the personal identification required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4002(b)(1)(A) and (B), but to avoid that personal identification becoming a public record in connection with the seeking of an excused absence of the debtor from attending a section 341 meeting, in lieu of bringing the specified personal identification to the meeting of creditors, the debtor or the attorney for the debtor shall provide to the case trustee under sealed cover: (i) a picture identification issued by a governmental unit or some other personal identifying information that establishes the debtor's identity; (ii) evidence of social security number(s) or a written statement that such documentation does not exist; or (iii) such other personal identification as may be required by the United States Trustee or the case trustee. The debtor's motion shall affirmatively state that this personal identification has been served on the case trustee.

#### Rule 4003-1. Exemptions.

#### (a) Claiming an Exemption – Amendment to Claim of Exemptions.

Any amendment to a claim of exemptions pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1009 and 4003 shall be filed and served by the debtor on the trustee, the United States Trustee, and all creditors, together with a notice of amendment which states a party in interest may file an objection to the list of property claimed as exempt within the later of (i) 30 days after the meeting of creditors held under section 341(a) is concluded or (ii) 30 days after any amendment to the list or supplemental schedules is filed. The debtor also shall file a certificate of service reflecting that the amendment and notice of amendment were duly served.

# (b) Objecting to a Claimed Exemption – Automatic Extension of Time to File Objections to Claim of Exemptions in Event of Amendment to Schedules to Add a Creditor.

Unless the court orders otherwise, if the schedules are amended to add a creditor, and the amendment is filed and served either (i) fewer than 30 days prior to the expiration of the time set forth in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4003(b) for the filing of objections to the list of property claimed as exempt, or (ii) at any time after such filing deadline, the added creditor shall have 30 days from the date of service of the amendment to file an objection to the list of property claimed as exempt. The debtor shall give notice to any added creditor of the objection period provided herein and shall file with the clerk a certificate of service reflecting that such notice was duly given.

# Rule 4004-1. Granting or Denying a Discharge.

#### (b) Extending the Time to File an Objection.

Unless the court orders otherwise, if the schedules are amended to add a creditor, and the amendment is filed and served either (i) less than 60 days prior to the expiration of the time set forth in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4004(a) for the filing of a complaint or motion objecting to discharge, or (ii) at any time after such filing deadline, the added creditor shall have 60 days from the date of service of the amendment to file the complaint or motion objecting to discharge. Such circumstances shall be deemed to be "cause" for an extension and no motion to extend shall be necessary.

# Rule 4007-1. Determining Whether a Debt is Dischargeable.

# (b) Time to File; No Fee for a Reopened Case - Automatic Extension of Time to File Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of a Debt in Event of Amendment.

Unless the court orders otherwise, if the schedules are amended to add a creditor, and the amendment is filed and served either (i) less than 60 days prior to the expiration of the time set forth in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4007 for the filing of a complaint to obtain a determination of the dischargeability of any debt, or (ii) at any time after such filing deadline, the deadline for the filing of a complaint with respect to a claim of such creditor shall be 60 days from the date of service of the amendment upon such creditor. Such circumstances shall be deemed to be "cause" for an extension and no motion to extend shall be necessary.

#### Part V

#### **Courts and Clerks**

#### Rule 5001-1. Court Operations; Clerks' Offices.

#### (d) General information.

General information regarding the bankruptcy courts and the clerks' offices may be found:

- (1) For the Northern District of Mississippi at www.msnb.uscourts.gov
- (2) For the Southern District of Mississippi at www.mssb.uscourts.gov

#### (e) Communications with clerk's office personnel.

The clerk and the employees of the clerk's office are not permitted to interpret the rules of procedure or to give legal advice. The clerk and the clerk's employees are not responsible for information respecting the rules or law. Though not required to do so, the clerk and the clerk's employees may make an inquiry to a party or counsel with respect to the content, completeness, accuracy or other attribute of an electronic filing. A clerk's response to an inquiry, a clerk's inquiry, or the absence of a clerk's inquiry shall have no legal effect on any party and cannot be cited for any purpose.

# (f) Form of payment.

Documents filed electronically require payment on-line by credit card at the time of filing or as otherwise directed by the Administrative Procedures For Electronic Case Filing established and maintained by the respective clerks. Fees due otherwise are payable by check, money order, or other form of payment approved by the respective clerk. Checks or credit cards of the debtor will not be accepted. Checks and money orders shall be made payable to "Clerk, United States Bankruptcy Court" and shall be in the exact amount of said fee or charge. A separate check shall be submitted for each item being filed. Any person or entity presenting a check or credit/debit card which is subsequently dishonored or has payment stopped thereon may be denied, at the discretion of the clerk, the privilege of presenting checks and/or debit/credit cards in the future.

# Rule 5003-1. Records to Be Kept by the Clerk.

#### (f) Other Books and Records.

The clerk is authorized to change the form of the mailing list to meet requirements of any automated case management system hereafter employed by the clerk. The clerk shall give appropriate notice to the bar of any such change in form.

# Rule 5005-1. Filing Papers and Sending Copies to the United States Trustee.

#### (a) Filing Papers.

#### (1) With the Clerk.

The clerk shall not refuse to accept for filing any petition or other paper presented for the purpose of filing solely because it is not presented in proper form as required by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or these local rules. The clerk may refuse to accept for filing any Hazardous Paper or Thing as provided in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1(2)(K), which shall be deemed a reason other than improper form.

#### (3) Electronic Filing and Signing.

#### (E) Mandatory Electronic Filing.

The courts for the Northern and Southern Districts have designated all cases to be assigned to the Case Management/Electronic Case Files ("CM/ECF") system. Attorneys who practice in these courts shall register as CM/ECF users. This includes attorneys admitted to the bar of the courts through regular admission or through *pro hac vice* motion, as well as those attorneys authorized to represent the United States without being admitted to the bar of these courts. United States Trustees, private trustees and others as the courts deem appropriate should also register as CM/ECF users. Registration instructions and requirements for CM/ECF are available on the respective courts' websites at the following addresses:

Northern District: <a href="http://www.msnb.uscourts.gov">http://www.msnb.uscourts.gov</a>
Southern District: <a href="http://www.mssb.uscourts.gov">http://www.mssb.uscourts.gov</a>

All documents submitted in all cases and proceedings shall be filed electronically, and signed or verified by electronic means, in compliance with the Administrative Procedures For Electronic Case Filing established and maintained by the respective courts. The clerk's offices for the Northern and Southern Districts shall make available the most current version of their Administrative Procedures for Electronic Case Filing on the respective court's website.

Registration as an attorney, private trustee, or United States Trustee CM/ECF user constitutes consent to receive electronic service or notice of documents filed in the CM/ECF system, except with regard to service of a summons and complaint under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004 for adversary proceedings. The Notice of Electronic Filing that is automatically generated by the CM/ECF system will constitute service or notice on registered attorney, private trustee, or United States Trustee CM/ECF users. All other parties must be provided service or notice of any pleading or other

document electronically filed in accordance with Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and these Uniform Local Rules.

### (F) Exceptions from Mandatory Electronic Filing.

Unless the petition or other paper presented to the clerk for filing may be refused by the clerk as provided in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1(2)(K), an unrepresented individual may file pleadings and documents on paper. In addition, a limited or temporary exception may be allowed on an emergency basis when a registered CM/ECF user is unable to access the system via the internet due to technical failures. The courts may establish other exceptions as deemed appropriate. The Administrative Procedures for Electronic Case Filing for each court should be consulted to determine if and when an exception may be available and the procedure for invoking it.

#### (G) Electronic Files and Duty to Confirm.

Unless the petition or other paper presented to the clerk for filing may be refused by the clerk as provided in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1(2)(K), any document submitted to the clerk in a paper format shall be converted into an electronic format prior to docketing. It is the duty of the filing party to confirm that such document has been accurately submitted into the court's electronic file. The filing party may confirm such submission by viewing the docket for the case on the monitors provided in the office of the clerk during normal business hours. If no challenge regarding the presentation of the document in the court's electronic file is communicated to the clerk within 14 days of the date of docketing, then the document as docketed is conclusively confirmed as the document submitted, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

#### (H) Content of Pleadings/Orders.

#### (i) Motion.

Every motion filed shall have as an attachment a proposed order granting the motion.

#### (ii) Responsive Pleadings.

Responsive pleadings shall sufficiently identify the underlying motion as well as the docket number of the underlying pleading as shown on the court's official docket entry, i.e., Motion of [name of party] to Lift Stay (Dkt. #23).

# (iii) Proposed Orders.

Proposed orders shall sufficiently identify the underlying motion as provided by Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9004-1(b).

# (I) Form of Judgments/Orders.

Judgments and orders submitted must (1) be on a separate electronic page or sheet of paper; (2) have the caption of the case, and where applicable, the style of the adversary proceeding; (3) include in the title of the judgment or order the name and description of the motion; and (4) the docket number of the underlying pleading as shown on the court's official docket entry, i.e., Order Granting Motion of [name of party] to Lift Stay (Dkt. #23).

# (J) Facsimile Documents.

Documents may not be transmitted by facsimile directly to the clerk's office for filing unless specifically authorized by a judge, the clerk, or the judge's or clerk's designee.

# (K) Filing Papers - Size of Papers.

All papers filed with the clerk must be electronically sized to 8 ½ by 11 inches. To the extent possible, all attachments to papers shall be electronically sized to 8 ½ by 11 inches. All papers shall be clearly legible in a font size no smaller than 12 point, without defacing erasures or interlineations, and must be double-spaced, except that quotations, footnotes and legal descriptions may be single-spaced. Additionally, lengthy disclosure statements and plans in Chapter 11 cases may be single-spaced.

#### (L) Identification.

#### (i) Counsel Identification.

On every pleading and other paper filed with the clerk and on every proposed order or judgment submitted to the court, the attorney shall include the following information: the attorney's name, complete address (including street address and, if applicable, post office box number), telephone number, e-mail address, and Mississippi Bar number (if the attorney is a member of the Mississippi Bar), and, if not, the state and bar number, if any, of the bar in which the attorney is a member and regularly practices.

#### (ii) Unrepresented Individual Identification.

Every pleading and other paper filed with the clerk by an unrepresented individual, and every proposed order or judgment submitted to the court by an unrepresented individual shall include the following information: the individual's complete name, complete address (including street address and, if applicable, post office box number), telephone number and email address, if applicable.

# (M) Titles on Papers.

All pleadings, motions, and other papers presented to the clerk for filing must bear clear designations of their content. When a document contains multiple contents (e.g., an answer to a complaint and a counterclaim or cross-claim or a motion and a supporting brief or memorandum), all matters contained in the document must be included in the caption on the first page of the document, except that, if the document contains a Certificate of Service with regard to the document, the Certificate of Service shall not be included in the caption.

# (N) Emergency Matters.

A party filing a pleading or motion that requires immediate judicial attention shall contact the courtroom deputy of the bankruptcy judge to whom the matter is assigned for direction.

# (O) Hazardous Papers or Things.

No person or party may file or present to the Court (including Judges, the Clerk, the United States Trustee, or any other Court agency) any Hazardous Paper or Thing without prior leave of court.

# (i) "Hazardous Paper or Thing" Defined.

For purposes of this rule "Hazardous Paper or Thing" includes, but is not limited to, papers or items that are smeared with or contain blood, blood residue, hair, food, feces, urine, or other body fluids, human or animal tissue or infectious material, or contain narcotics, controlled substances, firearms, ammunition, explosives, poisons, dangerous chemicals, or any other substance which may constitute a health hazard.

# (ii) Return or Destruction of Hazardous Paper or Thing.

Any Hazardous Paper or Thing submitted without prior leave of court will not be handled by court personnel and will either be returned to the filer unsolicited or destroyed without prior notice to the filer at the discretion of the clerk or judge.

# (iii) Log of Hazardous Papers or Things.

The clerk shall maintain a log of Hazardous Paper of Things that are returned to the filer undocketed or destroyed. The log shall include the case number and style, if any, the name of the party submitting the Hazardous Paper or Thing, a brief description of the paper or thing, and the justification for returning or disposing of the paper or thing. The clerk shall notify the judge assigned to the case of actions taken by the clerk.

# Rule 5010-1. Reopening a Case.

# (a) Contents of Motion.

A motion to reopen a case pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5010 shall be in writing. In a chapter 7, 12, or 13 case, the motion to reopen also must state whether the movant believes that a trustee is necessary to protect the interests of creditors and the debtor or to insure efficient administration of the estate.

# (b) Service.

A motion to reopen a case pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5010 shall be served upon the debtor, if applicable, any affected party including any party to be added to the case upon reopening, the case trustee, and the United States Trustee. The movant shall provide notice regarding the 21-day objection period to all parties listed on the most recent CM/ECF creditor matrix upon the filing of a motion to reopen for the purpose of filing the debtor's post-petition personal financial management certificate and for the entry of discharge.

#### (c) Hearing.

Whether the court conducts a hearing or provides notice and a hearing to any creditors or parties in interest other than those parties specified in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5010-1(b) prior to acting on a motion to reopen a case is within its discretion.

# Rule 5011-1. Motion to Withdraw a Case or Proceeding or to Abstain from Hearing a Proceeding; Staying a Proceeding.

# (a) Withdrawing a Case or Proceeding - Withdrawal of Reference.

# (1) By party.

A motion to withdraw the reference and any responses thereto shall be filed under the style and number of the bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding in which reference is sought to be withdrawn and shall be filed with the clerk of the bankruptcy court and be accompanied by the prescribed filing fee.

# (2) By Bankruptcy Judge.

A request by a bankruptcy judge for withdrawal of the reference of a case or a proceeding automatically referred to the bankruptcy court may be made sua sponte at any time.

# (3) Contents of Motion.

A motion to withdraw the reference shall conspicuously state on the face of the motion, "RELIEF IS SOUGHT FROM A UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE," and shall refer to and comply with 28 U.S.C. §157(d) and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5011(a). The motion shall list all pleadings which may be relevant to the disposition of the motion, including docket entry numbers.

# (4) Response.

Any response or objection to a motion for withdrawal of the reference shall be filed within 14 days of the date of service of such motion.

# (5) Transmittal to the District Court.

After the expiration of the 14-day response period established by Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5011-1(a)(4), the clerk shall promptly transmit the motion, any responses and attached exhibits to the clerk of the district court.

#### Part VI

# **Collecting and Liquidating the Estate**

# Rule 6007-1. Abandoning or Disposing of Property.

# (a) Notice by the Trustee or Debtor in Possession.

# (3) No Asset Notice.

In a chapter 7 case in which a Notice of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines (i.e., the 341 notice) containing language advising parties not to file a proof of claim is issued, and is not superseded by a Notice to File Proof of Claim, the trustee or debtor is relieved of the requirement of giving notice of abandonment or disposition of property under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6007(a).

# (4) Property Value.

The trustee or debtor is relieved of the notice requirement imposed by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6007(a), when the proposed abandonment relates to scheduled property which the trustee determines is burdensome to the estate or is of inconsequential value to the estate.

# (b) Motion By a Party in Interest.

An abandonment of property, by itself, does not affect the automatic stay. Therefore, when a motion which includes a request to have the trustee abandon the property from the estate pursuant to section 554(b) is filed, the moving party ordinarily should also seek relief from the automatic stay pursuant to section 362(d). If relief from the automatic stay is sought, the moving party shall comply with the requirements of Miss. Bankr. L.R. 4001-1(a)(1)(B).

#### (c) Agreed Orders.

If the creditor, the debtor(s) and the trustee agree as to relief from the automatic stay as well as abandonment, then the submission of an agreed order shall be governed by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(d) and Miss. Bankr. L.R. 4001-1(a)(1)(D).

#### Part VII

# **Adversary Proceedings**

# Rule 7007.1-1. Corporate Ownership Statement.

# (c) Required by Partnership or Joint Venture that is Party to an Adversary Proceeding.

The requirements for filing a Corporate Ownership Statement by certain nongovernmental corporate parties to an adversary proceeding, other than the debtor, under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7007.1 shall also apply to any party that is a general partnership, limited partnership, joint venture, or limited liability company.

# Rule 7008-1. General Rules of Pleading – Statement Regarding Consent to Entry of Final Orders or Judgment by Bankruptcy Court in Original Pleading.

In an adversary proceeding before a bankruptcy judge, in addition to the statements required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7008, the complaint, counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party complaint shall contain a statement that the pleader does or does not consent to entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy court. If no such statement is included, the pleader shall have waived the right to contest the authority of the court to enter final orders or judgment.

# Rule 7012-1. Defenses; Effect of a Motion; Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings and Other Procedural Matters; Statement Regarding Consent to Entry of Final Orders or Judgment by Bankruptcy Court in Responsive Pleading.

- (c) The procedures set forth in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 7056-1(3) for filing or responding to a motion for summary judgment shall also be applicable to a motion to dismiss.
- (d) In an adversary proceeding before a bankruptcy judge, a responsive pleading shall contain a statement that a pleader does or does not consent to entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy court. If no such statement is included, the pleader shall have waived the right to contest the authority of the court to enter final orders or judgment.

# Rule 7015-1. Amended and Supplemental Pleadings.

If leave of court is required under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7015, the proposed amended or supplemental pleading must be an exhibit to a motion for leave to file the pleading, and, if the motion is granted,

the movant must file the amended or supplemental pleading as a separately docketed item within seven (7) days from entry of the order granting the motion.

# Rule 7016-1. Pre-trial Procedures; Formulating Issues.

The bankruptcy court shall decide, on the court's own motion or on the timely motion of a party in interest, whether to hear and determine the proceeding, issue proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, or take some other action.

# (a) Pretrial Conferences; Scheduling; Management.

# (1) Case Management, Status and Scheduling Conferences in Chapter 11 Cases.

The court on its own motion or on the motion or request of a party in interest may conduct case management, status and scheduling conferences at such times during a case as will further the expeditious and economical resolution of the case. At the conclusion of each such conference, the court may enter case management, scheduling or pre-trial orders as may be required. Such orders may establish notice requirements, set dates on which motions and proceedings will be heard, establish procedures (including briefing schedules) and address such other matters as may be appropriate. This rule shall be applicable in matters contemplated under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014.

# (2) Pre-trial Conference.

A pre-trial conference may be held if ordered by the court.

#### (A) Request for a Pre-trial Conference.

Any party may request that a pre-trial conference be held following the completion of discovery, as provided in the scheduling order, by filing a motion with the clerk.

#### (B) Failure to Appear at Pre-trial Conference or to Cooperate.

Unless otherwise permitted by the court under Miss. Bankr. L.R. 7016-1(c), all counsel who will conduct the trial are required to appear before the court for the pre-trial conference. Should an attorney for a party fail to appear or to cooperate in the preparation of the pre-trial order, the court, in its discretion, may impose sanctions, such as costs and fines. The court, nevertheless, may hold a pre-trial hearing and enter an appropriate judgment or order.

# (C) Attorney Conference Prior to Pre-trial Conference.

Before the pre-trial conference, attorneys for all of the parties and any unrepresented individual shall confer and cooperate to permit each party to

pre-mark all exhibits and to prepare a proposed pre-trial order for the court, unless a pretrial order is waived by the court.

# (D) Pre-trial Order.

The parties shall comply with the requirements and procedures established by each judge with respect to the preparation, execution, submission and service of any pretrial order.

# (c) Telephonic Fed. R. Civ. P. 16 Scheduling Conference or Pre-trial Conference.

For cause shown, and at least 2 days before the time scheduled for a scheduling conference or pre-trial conference, any party to the conference may request that the conference be conducted by telephone or that the party be permitted to participate by telephone. Such request may be made by telephone to the courtroom deputy and shall be communicated contemporaneously to other counsel known to be involved in the hearing or conference. Any party objecting to the request shall promptly advise the court and other counsel.

# Rule 7026-1. Duty to Disclose; General Provisions Governing Discovery.

# (a) Responses to Discovery Requests.

When answering interrogatories, requests for production, and requests for admission, the replying party shall, as part of the answer, set forth immediately preceding the answer the question or request to which such answer is given. Failure to comply with this subdivision may result in the imposition of sanctions upon motion by the party propounding the discovery.

#### (b) Service and Non-filing of Discovery.

Except as provided in subdivision (c) of this rule, unless the court orders otherwise, transcripts of depositions, exhibits to depositions, interrogatories, answers to interrogatories, document requests, responses to document requests, requests for admissions, and responses to requests for admissions shall not be filed with the clerk.

# (c) Filing of Discovery Needed for Trial or Dispositive Motion on Appeal.

When discovery or disclosure material not on file with the clerk is needed for a trial, a dispositive motion, or an appeal, the necessary portion of that material may be filed with the clerk.

# Rule 7030-1. Depositions by Oral Examination.

# (a) Who May Attend Deposition.

A deposition may be attended only by (i) the deponent, (ii) counsel for any party to the adversary proceeding and members and employees of their firms, (iii) a party who is a natural person, (iv) an officer or employee of a party who is not a natural person designated as its representative by its counsel, (v) counsel for the deponent, (vi) any consultant or expert designated by counsel for any party, (vii) the United States Trustee, (viii) counsel for any trustee, (ix) counsel for the debtor, (x) counsel for any official committee and (xi) counsel for any party providing postpetition financing to the debtor under sections 363 or 364.

# (b) Order of Confidentiality.

If a confidentiality order has been entered, any person who is not authorized under the order to have access to documents or information designated confidential shall be excluded from a deposition upon request by the party who is seeking to maintain confidentiality while a deponent is being examined about any confidential document or information.

# (c) Confidentiality of Documents.

If any documents are deemed confidential by the producing party and the parties have not been able to agree on an appropriate protective order, until a protective order is in effect, disclosure should be limited to members and employees of the firm of trial counsel who have entered an appearance, and, where appropriate, have been admitted *pro hac vice*. Such persons are under an obligation to keep such documents confidential and to use them only for purposes of litigating the case.

#### (d) Reasonable Notice of Deposition.

Unless otherwise ordered by the court, "reasonable notice" for the taking of depositions under Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(b)(1) shall not be less than 14 days. This rule does not abrogate any requirement contained within Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9016 or Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c)(2)(B).

# Rule 7033-1. Interrogatories to Parties.

#### (a) Number of Interrogatories.

Interrogatories propounded by any party to another party shall be limited to 1 set of questions, not to exceed 25 in number, except by order of the court for good cause shown. In computation of the number of questions propounded, each subpart of a question shall be counted as a question.

# (b) Inspection of Documents.

If a party elects to produce business records pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 33(d) and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7033 in lieu of answering the interrogatory, unless the court orders otherwise, the documents may be produced or made available for inspection and copying within 14 days after service of the answers to interrogatories or on a date agreed upon by the parties.

# Rule 7037-1. Failure to Make Disclosures or to Cooperate in Discovery; Sanctions.

# (a) Duty to Confer; Certificate of Good Faith.

Prior to service of a motion to compel discovery for whatever reason, all counsel shall be under a duty to confer in good faith to determine to what extent discovery disputes can be resolved before presenting the issue to the bankruptcy judge. No such motion shall be heard by the bankruptcy judge unless counsel for the moving party shall incorporate in the motion a certificate that counsel has conferred in good faith with opposing counsel in an effort to resolve the dispute and has been unable to do so.

# (b) Motions Raising Issues Concerning Discovery – Requirements.

Motions raising issues concerning discovery, in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 33, 34, 36 and 37, as adopted by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7033, 7034, 7036 and 7037, shall quote verbatim each interrogatory, request for production or request for admission to which the motion is addressed, and shall state (i) the specific objection, (ii) the grounds assigned for the objection (if not apparent from the objection itself), and (iii) the reasons assigned as supporting the motion, and shall be written in immediate succession to one another. Such objections and grounds shall be addressed to the specific interrogatory, request for production or request for admission and may not be general in nature.

#### Rule 7054-1. Judgments; Costs.

#### (b) Costs and Attorney's Fees.

# (2) Attorney's Fees.

- (C) Content of Motion. In addition to those matters required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 54(d)(2)(B), a motion for attorney's fees must include an itemization and description of the legal work performed and all costs sought to be charged as part of the attorney's fee.
- **(D) Attorney Affidavit**. Each motion must be accompanied by an affidavit from the attorney responsible for the billings in the case authenticating the information

contained in the motion and confirming that the bill has been reviewed and edited and that the fees and costs charged are reasonable and necessary.

- **(E) Response**. Any response in opposition must be filed no later than 14 days after the motion for attorney's fees is filed. The response shall set forth the specific charges that are disputed and state with reasonable particularity the basis for such opposition.
- **(F) Hearing**. In its discretion, the court may decide the motion on the papers or set the matter for hearing.

# Rule 7055-1. Default; Default Judgment – Procedure.

Pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055 and Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, if a party is entitled to a default judgment, the party must file with the clerk the following: an Application to Clerk for Entry of Default and Supporting Affidavit (including proof of service of process), an Entry of Default, a Request for Court's Entry of Default Judgment, and a proposed Default Judgment to be entered by the court.

# Rule 7056-1. Summary Judgment – Form and Substance of the Motion.

Any motion for summary judgment must comply with the following requirements. Any motion that does not comply may be denied immediately without requiring a response from the non-moving party. A motion to compel compliance with the requirements of this Rule, including as made applicable to Rule 7012-1, shall be promptly made by the applicable party if the respondent believes the movant has failed to comply in the initial motion or if the movant believes the respondent has failed to comply in the response to the initial motion. A motion to compel compliance with the requirements of this Rule, including as made applicable to Rule 7012-1, shall toll the deadlines under this Rule until the Court enters an order on the motion to compel compliance hereunder.

# (1) If movant has the burden of proof on the issue upon which summary judgment is sought.

#### (A) Movant shall:

(i) List and separately number each material fact in the prima facie claim or affirmative defense upon which summary judgment is sought, with the understanding that if the court finds a genuine dispute as to any one of the facts listed, summary judgment will be denied.

- (ii) For each material fact listed, cite the factual authority. (E.g., "Paragraph 3 of Complaint, admitted in Defendant's Answer," "page 12 of John Doe's Deposition," "Defendant's Request for Admission No.4, admitted," "Paragraph 5 of Affidavit of John Doe.")
- (iii) Attach as exhibits to the motion the factual authorities relied upon for establishment of the material facts. (E.g., Supporting Affidavit, extracts of depositions or Requests for Admission, etc. Do not attach entire depositions or pleadings, just the pertinent portions relied upon.)

# (B) Respondent shall:

- (i) List any material facts recited by the movant about which the respondent contends there is a genuine dispute of fact and cite and attach the factual authorities that create the dispute of fact.
- (ii) Cite any additional material facts (a) that the respondent contends are part of movant's prima facie case, but were not included in movant's list of the facts constituting the prima facie case, and (b) which the respondent contends established. For each such fact either (a) cite and attach any factual authorities which the respondent contends creates a genuine dispute as to that fact or (b) assert that the movant has the burden of persuasion on that fact and has no evidence to support the fact.
- (iii) To the extent a respondent relies on any affirmative matter upon which it has the burden of persuasion to counter the motion for summary judgment, then the respondent must follow the procedures set forth in Paragraphs (1)(A)(i)-(iii) above.

# (2) If movant does not have the burden of persuasion on the issue upon which summary judgment is sought.

#### (A) Movant shall:

- (i) List the material facts that the movant contends constitute the non-moving party's prima facie case.
- (ii) Designate which facts in the non-moving party's prima facie case the movant contends do not exist and (a) cite and attach the factual authorities the movant contends establish the non-existence of each designated fact and/or (b) assert that there is no evidence to support the existence of the designated fact.

# (B) Respondent shall:

For each material fact designated by the movant as being part of the respondent's prima facie case and claimed by the movant that there is evidence of its non-existence and/or no evidence of its existence, the respondent shall either (a) cite and attach any factual authorities supporting the existence of the fact or (b) deny that the respondent has the burden of persuasion to establish this fact as part of the respondent's prima facie case.

# (3) Briefs.

- (A) Each motion for summary judgment must be accompanied by a memorandum brief.
- **(B)** The respondent shall file its response and memorandum brief within 21 days of service of the motion for summary judgment and supporting memorandum.
- **(C)** The movant may file a reply within 14 days after the response is served.

#### Part VIII

# Appeal to a District Court or a Bankruptcy Appellate Panel

# Rule 8003-1. Appeal as of Right—How Taken; Docketing the Appeal.

# (c) Serving the Notice of Appeal.

- (4) Simultaneously with the filing of any notice of appeal or notice of cross-appeal, with respect to an appeal in which any official committee in the bankruptcy case from which such appeal originated is not a named party to the appeal, the party filing such notice of appeal or notice of cross-appeal shall serve a copy of such notice on counsel to any such official committee and shall file with the notice of appeal or notice of cross-appeal a certificate of service.
- (5) Any official committee wishing to be placed on the service list for any appeal for the purpose of receiving notices and copies of papers served shall, within 21 days of service of the notice of appeal or the notice of cross-appeal, file with the bankruptcy clerk a request for notice. Such notice shall become part of the record for the appeal to be transmitted to the clerk of the district court by the clerk of the bankruptcy court.
- (6) Nothing contained herein shall affect or in any way determine any official committee's right to intervene in any appeal or cross-appeal or its obligation to seek leave to intervene in any appeal or cross-appeal if such official committee is not a named party to such appeal or cross-appeal.

#### Rule 8009-1. Record on Appeal.

# (a) Designating the Record on Appeal.

A designation of record filed by any party must list the docket number, title, and filing date for each document to be included in the record as it appears on the case or adversary docket. Documents that are not properly identified will not be included in the record on appeal.

# Part IX

#### **General Provisions**

# Rule 9004-1. General Requirements of Form.

# (b) Caption.

All documents filed with the clerk that relate to a document previously filed and docketed shall sufficiently identify the related document and state its docket number, if available. The form of the reference to the docket number of the related document shall be "(Dkt. # )."

# (c) Certificate of Service.

All documents filed with the clerk that require notice must include, or be accompanied by, a certificate of service, signed by the party serving the document, identifying (i) each person or entity served with the filing; (ii) the date of service; and (iii) the manner of service.

# Rule 9010-1. Authority to Act Personally or by an Attorney; Power of Attorney.

# (b) Attorney's Notice of Appearance.

# (1) Pro Hac Vice.

A non-resident attorney who is not a member of the Mississippi Bar and is not authorized to practice before the Mississippi Supreme Court and is not admitted to practice in the United States District Courts for the Northern or Southern Districts of Mississippi may apply to be admitted *pro hac vice* by comity to practice in a particular civil action in the court upon compliance with the following conditions:

# (A) File Certificate.

The applicant must submit with the motion for *pro hac vice* admission a certificate from the United States District Court or the highest state court of the applicant's jurisdiction, showing that the applicant is duly authorized to practice in and is in good standing with that court.

#### (B) Association and Duties of Local Counsel.

The applicant must associate a member of the bar of the court in the particular bankruptcy case for which the applicant seeks admission. The initial motion shall be filed by an attorney admitted to practice before the court. Local counsel associated with an attorney admitted *pro hac vice* must comply with the Association and Duties of a Resident Attorney provision (L. U. Civ. R. 83.1(d)(3)) of the Local

Uniform Civil Rules of the United States District Courts for the Northern District and the Southern District of Mississippi.

# (C) Certification of Familiarity with Local Rules.

The applicant must certify that the applicant has read and is familiar with the *Uniform Local Rules of the United States Bankruptcy Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi*.

# (2) Exceptions to Requirement of Pro Hac Vice Admission.

# (A) For Attorneys.

An attorney is not required to be admitted *pro hac vice* in order to:

(i) File an entry or notice of appearance;

An attorney may file an entry of appearance or notice of appearance and request for service without being admitted *pro hac vice* and such an attorney will be added to the mailing list to receive such notices and must receive copies of all documents required to be served on all creditors and parties in interest pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002, unless otherwise ordered by the court. Any entry of appearance or notice of appearance filed with the clerk must be served upon the debtor, the trustee, the United States Trustee, and any entity having previously filed a notice or entry of appearance.

- (ii) File a proof of claim;
- (iii) Attend the section 341 meeting of creditors; and
- (iv) File a ballot in a chapter 11 case.

# (B) Pro Se Individuals.

An individual may represent himself or herself in any bankruptcy case.

# (C) Corporations or Other Business Entities.

A corporation, partnership, trust, or other business entity, other than a sole proprietorship, may appear and act without counsel in a case or proceeding before this court only for the following purposes:

- (i) File a proof of claim;
- (ii) Attend the section 341 meeting of creditors;

- (iii) File a ballot in a chapter 11 case; or
- (iv) File a reaffirmation agreement.

For all other purposes, such entity may appear and act only through an attorney.

# (D) Government Attorneys.

Any attorney not admitted in the bankruptcy court or district court but who is admitted and is in good standing in another United States District Court may appear representing the United States (or any department, agency, or employee thereof) or any state, county or municipality (or any department, agency, political subdivision or employee thereof) may appear and participate in particular cases, actions or proceedings before the court on behalf of such entity in the attorney's official capacity, and any attorney so appearing is subject to all of the rules of the court.

# (E) Child Support Creditors or Their Representatives.

Child support creditors or their representatives shall be permitted to appear and intervene without charge, and without meeting any special local court rule requirement for attorney appearances, in any bankruptcy case or proceeding in any bankruptcy court or district court of the United States if such creditors or representatives file a form in such court that contains information detailing the child support debt, its status, and other required information.

# (3) Filing of Pleadings.

When a party appears by attorney, every pleading or paper filed on behalf of the represented party shall be signed by at least one attorney of record in the case, which may include any attorney admitted *pro hac vice*.

# (4) Access to Case Management – Electronic Case Filing System.

# (A) Suspension of Access – Lack of Authorization to Appear.

The clerk may suspend access to the CM/ECF system upon receipt of notification that an attorney is not authorized to appear or act in this court. The clerk may give notice to parties in affected cases when an attorney's access to the system has been suspended.

If such attorney or other registered user subsequently becomes qualified to appear in this court, such party may be required to reapply by registering as a CM/ECF user under Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1. Such registration by an attorney will require a certification that such attorney is in good standing with the state bar and this court.

# (B) Cross-Certification.

The clerk may establish procedures for cross-certifying attorneys from other jurisdictions for the use of and access to the Case Management – Electronic Case Filing (CM/ECF) system for any case in which such attorneys are appearing.

# (5) Substitution; Withdrawal.

#### (A) Substitution.

If a party in an adversary proceeding or a debtor in any case wishes to substitute attorneys, a substitution of counsel document signed by the original attorney, if available, and the substituted attorney shall be filed. If a trustee, debtor or official committee wishes to substitute attorneys or any other professional whose employment was subject to approval by the court, a motion for retention of the new professional must also be filed.

# (B) Withdrawal.

When an attorney enters an appearance in a bankruptcy case or an adversary proceeding, the attorney shall remain as counsel of record until released by order of the court. An attorney may be released only on motion duly noticed to all parties, including the client, together with a proposed order authorizing counsel's withdrawal. The Notice to one's client shall be by first class mail addressed to the client's last known address.

# (C) Service.

Substitutions and motions for withdrawal under this local rule shall be served as follows:

- (i) In an adversary proceeding, on all parties to the proceeding; and
- (ii) In a bankruptcy case, on the debtor, the United States Trustee, the case trustee and all affected parties, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

# (D) Effect of Failure to Comply.

Until an Order is entered allowing the substitution or withdrawal under sections (a) or (b) above, the original attorney remains the client's attorney of record.

# Rule 9011-1. Signing Documents; Representations to the Court; Sanctions; Verifying and Providing Copies

# (a) Signature.

- (1) All filed pleadings signed by an attorney shall contain the attorney information required by Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1(a)(2)(H). All documents filed and signed by an unrepresented individual shall contain the party's name, complete address (including street address and, if applicable, post office box number), telephone number, and, if available, e-mail address. Furthermore, every attorney, as well as every litigant proceeding without legal counsel, has a continuing obligation to notify the clerk of any changes of address and contact information.
- (2) The filing of any document by a registered ECF User using the user's PACER login and password shall constitute the user's signature for purposes of signing the document under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9011(a) and any other applicable authority relating to signatures. The ECF User's name under whose PACER login and password the document is submitted must be displayed as an image of a signature or by an "/s/" and typed in the space where the signature would otherwise appear (e.g., /s/ Jane Doe).

No person shall knowingly use or cause another person to use the ECF User's PACER login and password unless such a person is duly authorized to do so by the ECF User.

# Rule 9013-1. Motions; Form and Service.

# (b) Form and Service of Motion and Response; Limited Notice.

- (1) Each motion shall specify the rules and statutory provisions upon which it is predicated.
- (2) When a motion or response is filed, at a minimum, the following persons or entities listed in section (2)(B) below shall be served unless otherwise specifically provided by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, these Local Rules, or by order of the court.
- (3) When limited notice is allowed by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or these Local Rules, it shall be in accordance with Miss. Bankr. L.R. 2002-1(m).
  - (A) In a chapter 7 case, notice shall be given to the debtor, the trustee, the United States Trustee, any court-approved committees, the counsel for each of the foregoing entities, and any other entities affected by the relief requested.
  - **(B)** In a chapter 11 case, to the extent limited notice is permitted under the Bankruptcy Rules, notice shall be given to the debtor, any court-approved committee, the twenty largest unsecured creditors if no official committee of unsecured creditors has been appointed, any chapter 11 trustee, the counsel for each

of the foregoing entities, all parties who have filed a notice of entry of appearance, the United States Trustee, and any other entities affected by the relief requested.

- **(C)** In a chapter 12 or 13 case, notice shall be given to the debtor, debtor's counsel, the chapter 12 or 13 trustee, the United States Trustee and any other entities affected by the relief requested.
- **(D)** Whenever a pleading governed by Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1 is to be served on the United States, or an officer or agency thereof, the service provisions of Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(b)(4)-(b)(5) apply.

# (c) Objections.

Except for motions made in open court, any objection to a motion shall be made in writing and conform to Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9004-1(b), be filed pursuant to Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1(a)(2)(D) and be served as provided in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(b)(1).

# (d) Failure to File Responsive Pleading.

If a response is not timely filed, the court may enter an order granting the relief requested prior to hearing and may remove the motion or application from the court calendar unless leave to file a late response is granted.

# (e) Submitting of Order or Judgment.

After hearings held in the court, the prevailing party shall submit an order or judgment, consistent with the court's ruling, within 14 days of the hearing or such other time as the court may direct, for the court's approval and entry. For settlement announcements prior to a scheduled hearing date, the related order or judgment shall be submitted within 14 days after the scheduled hearing date or such other time as the court may direct. Except as otherwise directed by the court, prior to submitting the order or judgment to the court, the prevailing party shall submit to all parties appearing at the hearing who filed responsive pleadings related to the subject of the motion or hearing the order for their signature indicating approval as to form. Parties to whom the order or judgment has been submitted shall promptly sign it or promptly contact the party who drafted it to express any objection to the form of the proposed order or judgment. The parties shall attempt to resolve any differences in the form of the order or judgment before submitting competing orders or judgments to the court.

# (f) Expedited or Emergency Matters.

# (1) Motion for Expedited or Emergency Hearing.

A request for hearing on an expedited or emergency basis shall be made by contacting the courtroom deputy, stating the reason the matter should be considered on an expedited or emergency basis. Counsel for the movant shall immediately thereafter notify counsel for

the respondent of the emergency hearing setting. "Expedited basis" or "emergency basis" is defined as any hearing within 14 days of the filing of the motion on which the emergency hearing is requested.

# (2) Response to expedited or emergency matters.

A response to a motion or application set on an expedited or emergency basis and/or seeking expedited or emergency hearing may be filed until and including the date of the hearing, unless otherwise ordered by the court. The respondent must serve the response on the opposing counsel as soon as possible by facsimile and/or email and must file the original response with the court in accordance with Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(c).

# (3) First Day Motions in Chapter 11 Cases.

First Day Motions as defined in subpart (g) which are of an expedited or emergency nature shall comply with this rule.

# (g) First Day Motions in Chapter 11 Cases. Procedure.

# (1) Definition.

Any motion or application in which the debtor requests a hearing or the entry of an order on an expedited basis as defined in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(f) prior to the earlier of the creditors' committee formation meeting or the 11 U.S.C. § 341 meeting of creditors ("First Day Motions") shall be governed by this Local Rule.

# (2) Scope of Relief Requested.

Requests for relief under this rule shall be confined to matters of genuine emergency required to preserve the assets of the estate and to maintain ongoing business operations and such other matters as the Court may determine appropriate.

# (3) Notice to the United States Trustee and Certain Other Parties.

Once a petition is filed and the case is assigned to a bankruptcy judge, counsel for the debtor shall contact the judge's chambers to schedule a hearing on those applications and motions as soon as reasonably possible. Counsel for the debtor shall prepare and file a notice of hearing identifying the matters on which the debtor asks to be heard under this rule. The debtor shall serve the notice of hearing, all motions, applications, and proposed orders (as required by Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5005-1(a)(2)(D)(i)) to be heard (in substantially final form) upon the United States Trustee, the creditors included on the list filed under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(d) and any party directly affected by the relief sought in such applications and motions, at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of a hearing on such applications, motions, and proposed orders, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall file a certificate of service to that effect within forty-eight (48) hours.

# (4) Notice of Entry of Orders.

Within forty-eight (48) hours of the entry of an order entered under this rule ("First Day Order"), the debtor shall serve copies of all motions and applications filed with the Court as to which a First Day Order has been entered, and any First Day Orders entered, on those parties referred to in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(g)(3), and such other entities as the court may direct, and shall file a certificate of service to that effect within forty-eight (48) hours.

#### Rule 9014-1. Contested Matters.

# (a) Motion Required.

- (1) If a matter requires a hearing, notice of the setting shall be accomplished by the clerk, unless otherwise directed by the court.
- (2) All Financing Motions as defined in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 4001-1(b)(1)(A) that are not First Day Motions as defined in Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(g)(1) or a motion for expedited or emergency hearing under Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(f) are otherwise governed by this rule and any other rules specific to the relief sought.
- (3) Motions initiating contested matters which request expedited or emergency hearings shall comply with Miss. Bankr. L.R. 9013-1(f).

# (c) Applying Part VII Rules.

(1) The court may order Miss. Bankr. L.R. 7016-1 to apply to contested matters. The requirements for filing a Corporate Ownership Statement under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7007.1 and Miss. Bankr. L.R. 7007.1-1 shall also apply to contested matters. Unless ordered otherwise, to the extent that Part VII of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure are applicable to contested matters pursuant to the Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014(c), the corresponding Mississippi Bankruptcy Local Rules for Part VII shall apply to contested matters.

# Rule 9015-1. Jury Trial.

## (d) Withdrawal of the reference in the event of non-consent.

To the extent a bankruptcy court has been authorized by the district court to conduct jury trials, if the bankruptcy court grants the jury demand under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9015(a) and a party has refused consent to the bankruptcy court's conduct of the jury trial, then any party may file a motion to withdraw the reference with the district court within 14 days of the entry of an order granting the jury demand in accordance with Miss. Bankr. L.R. 5011-1, attaching a copy of the bankruptcy

court's order and a copy of the party's refusal to consent. If no party timely files such a motion to withdraw the reference, the bankruptcy court will strike the jury demand.

# (e) Application of the district court local rules relating to jury trials.

To the extent the right for a bankruptcy court to conduct jury trials has been authorized by the district court, all rules relating to the conduct of a jury trial in the district court shall apply to the conduct of such trials in bankruptcy court.

# Rule 9017-1. Evidence.

# (a) Custody and Disposition of Exhibits.

All exhibits, including models, diagrams, or other material items, filed in a proceeding must be physically removed by the parties who filed them, in the event no appeal is perfected, within sixty days from the date of final disposition of the case by this court, or, in the event an appeal is perfected and thereafter disposed of, within thirty days after receipt of the judgment, other process, or certificate disclosing disposition of the case by that court. In the event the exhibits are not removed from the custody of the clerk within the required time, the clerk may destroy or otherwise dispose of the exhibits.

# (b) Custody of Sensitive Exhibits.

Sensitive exhibits include, but are not necessarily limited to, drugs, weapons, currency, pornography, and items of high monetary value. Sensitive exhibits offered or received in evidence will be maintained in the custody of the clerk of court during the hours in which the court is in session. At the conclusion of each daily proceeding and at the noon recess, the clerk will return all sensitive exhibits to the offering counsel or party, who must then be responsible for maintaining custody and the integrity of such exhibits until the next session of court, at which time they must be returned to the clerk, unless otherwise ordered by the court. Following the return of a verdict in a jury case, or the entry of a final order in a non-jury case, sensitive exhibits will be handled or disposed of in the same manner as other exhibits under this rule.

# Rule 9018-1. Secret, Confidential, Scandalous, or Defamatory Matter.

- (c) Documents or proceedings may be sealed only by order of the court.
- (d) Documents shall be maintained under seal according to such procedures as may be directed by the clerk.
- (e) The order sealing the document or proceedings shall identify who shall have access to sealed documents and terms and conditions of the maintenance and the ultimate disposition of same.

(f) The order sealing the documents shall provide for the duration the documents are to be sealed. If no duration is stated, or if no ultimate disposition is provided in the sealing order, any court records and documents filed under seal shall be returned to the party who placed the records or documents under seal, or if no such party is available, such documents and records shall be maintained under seal for ten years after closing of the bankruptcy case, after which time such records, unless released by an order of the court prior to that time, may be destroyed.

# Rule 9019-1. Compromise or Settlement; Arbitration.

**Introduction and Purpose.** Alternate dispute resolution ("ADR") has the potential to provide a variety of benefits, including greater satisfaction of the parties, innovative methods of resolving disputes, and greater efficiency in achieving settlements.

These rules, modeled largely after the ADR provisions in the Local Rules of the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi, are designed to provide access to modern ADR settlement techniques and to encourage mutually satisfactory resolutions of disputes in all stages of litigation.

The bankruptcy courts have determined that mediation is the alternative dispute resolution process that best serves the needs of litigants and their attorneys in the timely and efficient resolution of cases. However, nothing in these rules shall prevent the parties from voluntarily engaging in other forms of ADR, such as arbitration, early neutral evaluation, mini-trial, or other appropriate ADR processes.

#### (d) Definition.

Mediation is a process in which impartial and neutral persons assist parties in reaching agreed settlements. Mediators facilitate communications between the parties and assist them in their negotiations. When appropriate, mediators may also offer objective evaluations of cases and may make settlement recommendations.

# (e) Cases Appropriate for Referral to Mediation.

The determination of whether a matter should be referred for mediation is addressed to the sound discretion of the judicial officer assigned to the case.

#### (f) Referral Procedure.

(1) A bankruptcy judge may refer a case to mediation on the judge's own motion. If the court determines that a case is appropriate for referral to mediation, the court shall enter an order directing the parties to schedule and complete a mediation conference as set forth in these rules within such time frame as the court may specify. Within 14 days of the entry of the order of referral, a party may file a written objection to the referral order, stating concisely the reasons the case should not be referred for mediation. The objection shall be

served on all parties. The court may rule on any objection without a hearing or, in its discretion, may conduct a hearing either in person or by telephone.

- (2) A party may request that a case be referred to mediation. The request shall be made by motion addressed to the bankruptcy judge assigned to the case.
- (3) The order of referral shall state a time period within which the mediation shall be completed.
- (4) A court may not order a case to mediation more than one time except upon a showing of exceptional circumstances or upon the request of all parties.
- (5) Upon the court's entry of an order referring the case to mediation, and upon all objections having been disposed of by the court, the parties shall have a period of 21 days from the date of entry of the court's final order to schedule the mediation. If the parties are unable to schedule the mediation within the twenty-one day period or to agree on a date and/or a mediator, the court shall assign a mediator and shall order the date, time, and place for the mediation, which shall be binding on the parties.

# (g) Pre-mediation Documents.

- (1) The mediator may submit to the parties a list of required pre-mediation documents and agreements at least 14 days prior to the scheduled date for mediation. All objections to pre-mediation documents shall be addressed to the mediator not less than 7 days prior to the scheduled date and a mediation agreement shall be entered prior to commencement of mediation.
- (2) If pre-mediation documents are not furnished within 7 days of the scheduled mediation, any party and/or the mediator may apply to the court, which shall determine the disputed terms and conditions of the mediation.
- (3) Failure to reasonably agree to the pre-mediation agreements and/or to timely raise objections to pre-mediation agreement which delays or encumbers the mediation process will be considered a failure to comply with the order of referral and the mediator and/or parties shall report such failure to the court. The court may enter such orders as it deems appropriate.

#### (h) Authority to Settle.

#### (1) Appearance at Mediation.

Counsel, including lead trial counsel, for all parties must appear at the mediation unless otherwise ordered by the court.

# (2) Attendance of Parties.

All unrepresented individual parties must appear in person at the mediation unless excused in advance by the court. Representatives of corporate parties, organizations, insurance carriers (if applicable) or other entities must also appear at the mediation or be available by telephone, as the mediator or the court may direct, throughout the entire mediation. Office closings and time zone differences do not excuse a company representative from continued participation in mediation under this rule. Each party representative participating in the mediation must have full authority to settle the case.

# (i) Sanctions.

If a party, or party representative, or attorney fails to appear or be available as provided by these rules at a scheduled mediation, or if a party, or party representative, or attorney is substantially unprepared to participate in the mediation, or if a party, party representative, or attorney fails to participate in good faith during a mediation session, a judge, upon motion or upon the judge's own initiative, may impose appropriate sanctions, including attorneys' fees and reasonable expenses incurred.

# (j) Standards for Neutrals.

# (1) Qualifications and Training.

Neutrals shall have such experience and training as the parties may agree or the court may determine are appropriate to help the parties resolve the dispute over which the neutral will mediate.

#### (2) Oath of Neutrals.

Every neutral serving under these rules shall execute and file with the clerk the oath or affirmation prescribed by 28 U.S.C. §453 upon qualification and confirmation of appointment.

#### (3) Immunity.

Neutrals or others authorized to serve in a specific case are performing quasi-judicial functions and are entitled to the immunities and protections that the law accords to persons serving in such capacity.

# (4) Codes of Ethics and Standards of Conduct.

Any neutral serving under these rules shall be subject to all codes of ethics and standards of conduct set by statute, by the Judicial Conference of the United States, and by other professional organizations to which the neutral may belong and or that may be approved or adopted by the court.

# (k) Selection of neutrals.

# (1) Parties to Confer.

Unless otherwise ordered, the parties must confer in good faith and attempt to agree on a neutral. Before nominating a neutral, the parties must have confirmed the neutral's availability and willingness to serve within the time frame proposed.

# (2) Appointment of the Neutral When Parties Agree.

If the parties agree on a neutral and confirm the neutral's availability, the parties must identify the nominee in the proposed order submitted to the court and provide the court with the following information:

- **(A)** The name, address and telephone number and, if applicable, the e-mail address of the mediator;
- (B) Briefly describe the training, experience or other qualifications of the mediator;
- (C) State the rate of compensation of the mediator;
- **(D)** State that the mediator and the parties have agreed upon the selection and rate of compensation;
- (E) State whether any portion of the mediator's fees will be paid from property of the bankruptcy estate, and, if so, the extent of the payment; and
- (F) State the estimated time period within which the mediation will be held.

#### (3) Ruling on Appointment of Mediator.

#### (A) No Hearing Required.

The bankruptcy judge shall rule on the selection of the mediator without a hearing, and absent substantial countervailing considerations, the bankruptcy judge will appoint the neutral whom the parties have jointly nominated and who is willing to serve.

# (B) Findings Required if any Compensation is Paid by Bankruptcy Estate.

In the event any of the compensation of the mediator is to be paid by the estate, the court also shall consider and approve the rate of compensation of the mediator and the allocation of costs between or among the parties in the order appointing the mediator.

# (4) Appointment of a Neutral When Parties Disagree.

If the parties cannot agree on a neutral, they shall so advise the court. Upon being so advised, the bankruptcy judge, at his or her discretion, may select a neutral and enter an

order of referral to mediation and establish such parameters and guidelines for the mediation as are appropriate under the circumstances of the case.

# (5) Documents Provided by the Court to the Neutral.

Promptly after the neutral is designated, the court shall provide the neutral with a copy of the order of referral.

# (6) Disqualification of Neutrals.

No person may serve as a neutral in a mediation in violation of:

- (A) The standards set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 455;
- **(B)** Any applicable standard of professional responsibility or rule of professional conduct;
- (C) Any additional standards adopted by the court; or
- **(D)** The neutral discovers a circumstance requiring disqualification and immediately submits to the parties and to the court a written notice of recusal.
- **(E)** The parties may not waive a basis for disqualification described in 28 U.S.C. § 455(b).

# (7) Proposed Order of Referral.

#### (A) Submission to Court.

If the parties recommend mediation, counsel must prepare a proposed order of referral for submission to the court.

#### (B) Contents of Proposed Order.

The proposed order of referral must:

- (i) State that mediation is appropriate for the case;
- (ii) Identify by name the available neutral whom the parties nominate to mediate the case;
- (iii) Specify the time frame within which the parties propose that the mediation will be completed and the date by which the neutral must file written confirmation of that completion; and
- (iv) Suggest and explain any modifications or additions to the case management and scheduling order that would be advisable because of the reference to mediation.

# (8) Neutral's Post-Mediation Report to Court.

Within 14 days of the completion of a mediation conducted pursuant to this rule, the neutral shall advise the bankruptcy judge in writing whether the case was resolved by mediation.

# (1) Confidentiality of Proceedings.

# (1) General Rule of Confidentiality.

Except as otherwise provided in these rules or required by law, all communications made in connection with mediation proceedings under these rules shall be confidential. Mediation-related communications shall not be subject to disclosure and may not be used as evidence against any participant in any judicial or administrative proceeding.

# (2) No Compelled Disclosure.

A party, a party's attorney, a party's representative, and the neutral may not be compelled to testify in any proceedings related to matters occurring during a mediation under these rules. A party, a party's attorney, a party's representative, and the neutral may not be subject to process requiring disclosure of confidential information or data related to a mediation conducted under these rules.

# (3) Limitations on Communications with Court.

A person participating in a mediation under these rules may not be compelled to disclose to the court any communication made, position taken, or opinion formed by any party or neutral in connection with mediation proceedings.

# (4) Exception to the General Rule of Confidentiality.

The only event that may make it appropriate for either the neutral or either of the parties to disclose a confidential communication arising from proceedings governed by these rules is a finding by the court that such testimony or other disclosure is necessary to:

- (A) Prevent a manifest injustice;
- **(B)** Help establish a violation of law; or,
- (C) Prevent harm to the public health or safety.

#### (5) Compensation of Neutrals.

#### (A) In general.

Unless otherwise established by statute, directed by the court, or unless proceeding pro bono, neutrals may charge reasonable fees and charges for services and expenses.

#### (B) Allocation of costs.

Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties in writing or ordered by the court, the costs of the neutral's services shall be paid in equal shares by the parties.

# (C) Payment of costs.

The parties shall pay the neutral within 30 days from the receipt of the statement from the neutral. Except when excused by these rules or by order of the court, the failure of a party to pay that party's share of a neutral's fee within the required time may result in the imposition of sanctions.

# Rule 9027-1. Removing a Claim or Cause of Action from Another Court.

# (a) Notice of Removal.

A notice of removal shall be filed in accordance with Rule 5(b) of the Local Uniform Civil Rules of the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Mississippi.

# (e) Procedure After Removal.

If a statement filed by a party in connection with the removed action states that the proceeding or any part of it is core, the party shall also state that the party does or does not consent to the entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy judge if it is determined that the bankruptcy judge, absent consent of the parties, cannot enter final orders or judgment.

# Rule 9033-1. Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

If the Court determines that it may not enter a final order or judgment in a particular proceeding designated as core under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b), Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9033 shall apply as if the proceeding were non-core.

# Rule 9037-1. Protecting Privacy for Filings.

# (h) Motion to Redact a Previously Filed Document.

# (1) Contents; Service

The Notice of Electronic Filing that is automatically generated by the CM/ECF system will not constitute notice or service to any party for a motion to redact a previously filed document. Public access to the motion is restricted upon filing.

# Appendix A

| Debtor 2 [Spouse, If filling] First Name   Mode Name   Loat Name   | Fill in this     | info     | mation to identify yo   | ur case:            |                          |                     |                     |                   |                       |
|--|------------------|----------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Debtor 2 (Spouze, if filling) First Name Models Name Last Name Last Name Last Name Last Name Last Name Last Name  Case number (if istown)  Case number (if istown)  This form sets out options that may be appropriate in some cases, but the presence of an option on the form does not indicate that the option is appropriate in your circumstances or that it is permissible in your judicial district. Plans that do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable. The treatment of ALL secured and priority debts must be provided for in this plan.  In the following notice to creditors, you must check each box that applies.  To Creditors:  Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated. You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankruptoy case. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.  If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney must file an objection to confirmation on or before the objection deadline announced in Part 9 of the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309)). The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further normal fine objection to confirmation is filed. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015.  The plan does not allow claims. Creditors must file a proof of claim to be paid under any plan that may be confirmed.  The following matters may be of a particular importance. Debtors must check one box on each fine to state whether or not the plan includes each of the following items. If an item is checked as "Not Included" or if both boxes are checked, the provision will be interferched is set our later in the plan.  1.1  A limit on the amount of a secured claim, set out rise in the plan.  | Debtor 1         |          |                         |                     |                          |                     |                     |                   |                       |
| Debtor 2 (Cipcruse, if filling) Print Name  Law Name  Law Name  District of Mississippi  Chapter 13 Plan and Motions for Valuation and Lien Avoidance  12/17  Part 1:  Notices  To Debtors: This form sets out options that may be appropriate in some cases, but the presence of an option on the form does not indicate that the option is appropriate in your circumstances or that it is permissible in your judicial district. Plans that do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable. The treatment of ALL secured and priority debts must be provided for in this plan.  In the following notice to creditors, you must check each box that applies.  To Creditors: Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated.  You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankruptcy case. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.  If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney must file an objection to confirmation on or before the objection deadline announced in Part 9 of the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309). The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further notice if no objection to confirmation is filed. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015.  The plan does not allow claims. Creditors must file a proof of claim to be paid under any plan that may be confirmed.  The following matters may be of particular importance. Debtors must check one box on each film to state whether or not the plan includes each of the following liems. If an item is checked as "Not Included" or if both boxes are checked, the provision will be ineffective if set out later in the plan.  1.1 A limit on the amount of a secured claim, set out in Section 3.2, which may result in a partial payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor.  | Debior 1         | Fir      | st Name                 | Middle Name         | Last Name                |                     |                     |                   |                       |
| United States Bankruptcy Court for the:  | Debtor 2         | _        |                         |                     |                          |                     |                     |                   |                       |
| Case number (It known)  Chapter 13 Plan and Motions for Valuation and Lien Avoidance 12/17  Part 1: Notices  To Debtors: This form sets out options that may be appropriate in some cases, but the presence of an option on the form does not indicate that the option is appropriate in your circumstances or that it is permissible in your judicial district. Plans that do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable. The treatment of ALL secured and priority debts must be provided for in this plan.  In the following notice to creditors, you must check each box that applies.  To Creditors: Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated.  You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankruptcy case. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.  If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney must file an objection to confirmation on or before the objection deadline announced in Part 9 of the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309). The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further notice if no objection to confirmation is filed. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015.  The plan does not allow claims. Creditors must fle a proof of claim to be paid under any plan that may be confirmed.  The following matters may be of particular importance. Debtors must check one box on each line to state whether or not the plan includes each of the following items. If an item is checked as "Not included" or if both boxes are checked, the provision will be ineffective if set out later in the plan.  1.1 A limit on the amount of a secured claim, set out in Section 3.2, which may result in a partial payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor   | (Spouse, if fili | ing) Fir | st Name                 | Middle Name         | Last Name                |                     |                     | sections of       | of the plan that have |
| Chapter 13 Plan and Motions for Valuation and Lien Avoidance  12/17  Part 1: Notices  To Debtors: This form sets out options that may be appropriate in some cases, but the presence of an option on the form does not indicate that the option is appropriate in your circumstances or that it is permissible in your judicial district. Plans that do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable. The treatment of ALL secured and priority debts must be provided for in this plan.  In the following notice to creditors, you must check each box that applies.  To Creditors: Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated.  You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankruptcy case. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.  If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney must file an objection to confirmation on or before the objection deadline announced in Part 9 of the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309). The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further notice if no objection to confirmation is filed. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015.  The plan does not allow claims. Creditors must file a proof of claim to be paid under any plan that may be confirmed.  The following matters may be of particular importance. Debtors must check one box on each line to state whether or not the plan includes each of the following items. If an item is checked as "Not Included" or if both boxes are checked, the provision will be ineffective if set out later in the plan.  1.1 A limit on the amount of a secured claim, set out in Section 3.2, which may result in a partial payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor  1.2 Avoidance of a judicial lien or nonpossessory, nonpurchase-money security interest, set out in   Included   Not included   | United State     | es Ban   | kruptcy Court for the:  |                     | District of Mississippi  |                     |                     |                   |                       |
| Chapter 13 Plan and Motions for Valuation and Lien Avoidance  12/17  Part 1: Notices  To Debtors: This form sets out options that may be appropriate in some cases, but the presence of an option on the form does not indicate that the option is appropriate in your circumstances or that it is permissible in your judicial district. Plans that do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable. The treatment of ALL secured and priority debts must be provided for in this plan.  In the following notice to creditors, you must check each box that applies.  To Creditors: Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated.  You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankruptcy case. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.  If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney must file an objection to confirmation on or before the objection deadline announced in Part 9 of the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309I). The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further notice if no objection to confirmation is filled. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015.  The plan does not allow claims. Creditors must file a proof of claim to be paid under any plan that may be confirmed.  The following matters may be of particular importance. Debtors must check one box on each line to state whether or not the plan includes each of the following items. If an item is checked as "Not included" or if both boxes are checked, the provision will be ineffective if set out later in the plan.  1.1 A limit on the amount of a secured claim, set out in Section 3.2, which may result in a partial   Included   Not included   Payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor   Payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor   Payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor   Payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor   Payment or no paymen | Case numb        | er _     |                         |                     |                          |                     |                     |                   |                       |
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| payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor  1.2 Avoidance of a judicial lien or nonpossessory, nonpurchase-money security interest, set out in Section 3.4 Section 3.4   |                  |          | the plan includes e     | ach of the follow   | ing items. If an item is |                     |                     |                   |                       |
| Section 3.4  | 1.1              |          |                         | •                   | •                        | vhich may result in | າ a partial         | ☐ Included        | ☐ Not included        |
| 1.3 Nonstandard provisions, set out in Part 8  | 1.2              |          | •                       | en or nonpossess    | sory, nonpurchase-mor    | ney security intere | st, set out in      | ☐ Included        | ☐ Not included        |
|  | 1.3              | Non      | standard provisions,    | set out in Part 8   |                          |                     |                     | ☐ Included        | ☐ Not included        |

Part 2:

| 2.1 | Leng | th of | Plan. |
|-----|------|-------|-------|
|     |      |       |       |

| fewe | plan period shall be for a period of months, not to be less than 36 months or less than 60 months for above median income debtor(s). If r than 60 months of payments are specified, additional monthly payments will be made to the extent necessary to make the payments to itors specified in this plan. |
|------|--|
| 2.2  | Debtor(s) will make regular payments to the trustee as follows:  |
|      | or shall pay \$ (□ monthly, □ semi-monthly, □ weekly, or □ bi-weekly) to the chapter 13 trustee. Unless otherwise ordered e court, an Order directing payment shall be issued to the debtor's employer at the following address:   |
|      |  |
|      | Debtor shall pay \$ (□ monthly, □ semi-monthly, □ weekly, or □ bi-weekly) to the chapter 13 trustee. Unless otherwise red by the court, an Order directing payment shall be issued to the joint debtor's employer at the following address:  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
| 2.3  | Income tax returns/refunds.  |
|      | Check all that apply.  |
|      | Debtor(s) will retain any exempt income tax refunds received during the plan term.   |
|      | Debtor(s) will supply the trustee with a copy of each income tax return filed during the plan term within 14 days of filing the return and will turn over to the trustee all non-exempt income tax refunds received during the plan term.  |
|      | Debtor(s) will treat income tax refunds as follows:  |
| 2.4  | Additional payments.   |
|      | Check one.   |
|      | None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 2.4 need not be completed or reproduced.   |
|      | Debtor(s) will make additional payment(s) to the trustee from other sources, as specified below. Describe the source, estimated amount, and date of each anticipated payment.  |
|      |  |

|              | rigages. (Except mortgages to be ch  | ammed dow                       | in under 11 0.3.c. g                        | 1322(C)(Z) and identifie                            | ed in § 3.2 nerein.)                |
|--------------|--|---------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| _            | eck all that apply.  |                                 |   |   |                                     |
| ⊔<br>3.1(a)□ | Principal Residence Mortgages: A U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5) shall be schedulithe proof of claim filed by the mortgatherein. | all long term :<br>ed below. Al | secured debt which is osent an objection by | to be maintained and can a party in interest, the p | lan will be amended consistent with |
|              | 1 <sup>st</sup> Mtg pmts to  | Beginnin                        | g@ \$                                       | □Plan □Direct.                                      | Includes escrow ☐ Yes ☐ No          |
|              | 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mtg pmts to  | Beginnin                        | g@ \$                                       | □Plan □Direct.                                      | Includes escrow ☐ Yes ☐ No          |
|              | 3 <sup>rd</sup> Mtg pmts to  | Beginnin                        | g@ \$                                       | □Plan □Direct.                                      | Includes escrow ☐ Yes ☐ No          |
|              | 1 <sup>st</sup> Mtg arrears to   | Through                         | 1   | _\$   |                                     |
|              | 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mtg arrears to   | Througl                         | າ   | \$  |                                     |
|              | 3 <sup>rd</sup> Mtg arrears to   | Through                         | 1   | \$  |                                     |
| 3.1(b)□      | Non-Principal Residence Mortgage 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5) shall be schewith the proof of claim filed by the moherein.  | eduled below                    | . Absent an objection                       | n by a party in interest, t                         | the plan will be amended consistent |
|              | Property 1 address:  |                                 |   |   |                                     |
|              | Mtg pmts to  | Beginnin                        | g@ \$                                       | □Plan □Direct.                                      | Includes escrow ☐ Yes ☐ No          |
|              | Property 2 address: Mtg pmts to  | Beginnin                        | g @ \$                                      | □Plan □Direct.                                      | Includes escrow ☐ Yes ☐ No          |
|              | Property 3 address:  |                                 |   |   |                                     |
|              | Mtg pmts to  | Beginnin                        | g @ \$                                      | □Plan □Direct.                                      | Includes escrow ☐ Yes ☐ No          |
|              | Property 1: Mtg arrears to   |                                 | Through _                                   | \$  |                                     |
|              | Property 2: Mtg arrears to   |                                 | Through _                                   | \$  |                                     |
|              | Property 3: Mtg arrears to   |                                 | Through _                                   | \$  |                                     |
| 3.1(c)□      | Mortgage claims to be paid in full of consistent with the proof of claim file  | -                               |   | ection by a party in inter                          | est, the plan will be amended       |
|              | Creditor:  |                                 | Approx. amt. due:                           |   | Int. Rate*:                         |
|              | Property Address:  |                                 |   |   |                                     |
|              | Principal Balance to be paid with in<br>(as stated in Part 2 of the Mortgage   |                                 |   |   |                                     |
|              | Portion of claim to be paid without i (Equal to Total Debt less Principal I  |                                 |   |   |                                     |
|              | Special claim for taxes/insurance: (as stated in Part 4 of the Mortgage  |                                 |   | ng  |                                     |
|              | *Unless otherwise ordered by the c   | ourt, the inter                 | est rate shall be the c                     | urrent Till rate in this Dis                        | strict.                             |

Insert additional claims as needed.

| 3.2 | Motion for valuation of   | security, payment of f   | ully secured claims, and   | modification of unders              | secured claims. C       | heck one.              |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|     | ☐ None. If "None" is ch   | necked, the rest of § 3.2  | need not be completed or   | reproduced.                         |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | The remainder of the  | The remainder of this paragraph will be effective only if the applicable box in Part 1 of this plan is checked.  |  |                                     |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | amounts to be distril   | Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3012, for purposes of 11 U.S.C. § 506(a) and § 1325(a)(5) and for purposes of determination of the amounts to be distributed to holders of secured claims, debtor(s) hereby move(s) the court to value the collateral described below at the lesser of any value set forth below or any value set forth in the proof of claim. Any objection to valuation shall be filed on or before the objection deadline announced in Part 9 of the Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case (Official Form 309I). |  |                                     |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | this plan. If the amou  | unt of a creditor's secure<br>ured claim under Part 5  | eds the amount of the secured claim is listed below as hof this plan. Unless otherw y contrary amounts listed in | aving no value, the cred            | itor's allowed claim    | will be treated in its |  |  |  |  |
|     | Name of cre   | editor Estimate<br>amount<br>creditor<br>total cla   | of<br>'s   | Value of collateral                 | Amount of secured claim | Interest rate*         |  |  |  |  |
|     |   |  |  |                                     |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     |   | Insert additional claims   | as needed.   |                                     |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | #For mobile homes a   | and real estate identified   | d in § 3.2: Special Claim for  | taxes/insurance:                    |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | Name of cre   |  |  | Beginning                           |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | *Unless otherwise or  | dered by the court, the  | interest rate shall be the cu  | rrent <i>Till</i> rate in this Dist | rict.                   |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | For vehicles identifie  | ed in § 3.2: The current i   | mileage is   |                                     |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
| 3.3 | Secured claims excluded Check one.  None. If "None" is checked. | _  | 3 need not be completed or   | reproduced.                         |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | ☐ The claims listed bel   |  | •  |                                     |                         |                        |  |  |  |  |
|     |   | 10 days before the petituse of the debtor(s), or   | tion date and secured by a   | purchase money securi               | ty interest in a mot    | or vehicle acquired    |  |  |  |  |
|     | (2) incurred within 1   | year of the petition date  | e and secured by a purchas   | se money security intere            | st in any other thin    | g of value.            |  |  |  |  |
|     | stated on a proof of  | claim filed before the filin   | an with interest at the rate s<br>ng deadline under Bankrup<br>of claim, the amounts stated                      | tcy Rule 3002(c) control            | •                       | •                      |  |  |  |  |

|      | Name of creditor  | Col   | lateral  |  | Amount of claim   | Interest rate*   |  |
|------|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|
|      |   |   |  |  |   |  |  |
|      |   |   |  |  |   |  | <u> </u>   |
|      | *Unless otherwise   | ordered by the court, t   | he interest rate shall be the  | e current <i>Till</i> rate   | n this District.  |  |  |
|      | Insert additional cla   | ims as needed.  |  |  |   |  |  |
|      | otion to avoid lien p   | oursuant to 11 U.S.C.   | § 522.   |  |   |  |  |
| Ü    | ☐ None. If "None" i   |   | 3.4 need not be complete effective only if the appl  | •  | rt 1 of this plan i   | s checked.   |  |
|      | which the debtor<br>security interest<br>confirming the pl<br>Chapter 13 Bank<br>interest that is av<br>security interest t | r(s) would have been e<br>securing a claim listed<br>an unless the creditor<br>ruptcy Case (Official Fo<br>roided will be treated as<br>that is not avoided will be | npurchase money security entitled under 11 U.S.C. § below will be avoided to the files an objection on or bearm 3091). Debtor(s) hereby an unsecured claim in Paragonal in full as a secured avoided, provide the info | 522(b). Unless one extent that it ir fore the objection move(s) the court 5 to the extent a claim under the plant. | therwise ordered npairs such exen deadline annou rt to find the amoullowed. The amo an. See 11 U.S.C. | by the court, a judenptions upon entry need in Part 9 of the unt of the judicial lier out, if any, of the judent, if any, of the judent. | dicial lien or of the order ne Notice of n or security dicial lien or  |
| Name | e of creditor   | Property subject to   | b lien Lien amoun<br>be avoided  | amo  |   | Type of lien   | Lien identification<br>(county, court,<br>judgment date, date<br>of lien recording,<br>county, court, book<br>and page number) |
|      |   |   |  |  |   |  |  |
|      | Insert additional ale   |   |  |  |   |  |  |
|      | Insert additional cla   | ims as needed.  |  |  |   |  |  |
|      | urrender of collatera   |   |  |  |   |  |  |
|      | ☐ The debtor(s) ele upon confirmatio  | ct to surrender to each<br>n of this plan the stay u  | 3.5 need not be complete creditor listed below the conder 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) be ed unsecured claim resulting   | ollateral that secur<br>terminated as to   | the collateral on   | ly and that the stay   | under § 1301   |
|      | Name of credito   | r   |  | Colla  | teral   |  |  |
|      |   |   |  |  |   |  |  |
|      |   |   |  |  |   |  |  |

Insert additional claims as needed.

Trustee's fees are governed by statute and may change during the course of the case.

#### 4.1 General

4.2 Trustee's fees

Trustee's fees and all allowed priority claims, including domestic support obligations other than those treated in § 4.5, will be paid in full without postpetition interest.

| Attorney's fees  No look fee: \$  Total attorney fee charged: \$  Attorney fee previously paid: \$  Attorney fee to be paid in plan per confirmation order: \$   |
|--|
| Total attorney fee charged: \$  Attorney fee previously paid: \$  Attorney fee to be paid in plan per confirmation order: \$   |
| Attorney fee previously paid: \$  Attorney fee to be paid in plan per confirmation order: \$   |
| Attorney fee to be paid in plan per confirmation order: \$   |
| per confirmation order: \$   |
|  |
| Hourly fee: \$ (Subject to approval of Fee Application.)   |
| <ul> <li>4.4 Priority claims other than attorney's fees and those treated in § 4.5.</li> <li>Check one.</li> <li>None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 4.4 need not be completed or reproduced.</li> </ul> |
| ☐ Internal Revenue Service \$  |
| ☐ Mississippi Dept. of Revenue \$  |
| ☐ Other  |
| 4.5 Domestic support obligations.  None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 4.5 need not be completed or reproduced.  DUE TO:   |

\_\_\_\_ per month beginning \_\_\_\_

PRE-PETITION ARREARAGE: In the total amount of \$\_\_\_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_\_ which shall be paid in full over the plan term, unless

Insert additional claims as needed.

stated otherwise:\_

POST PETITION OBLIGATION: In the amount of \$\_\_\_

To be paid  $\square$  direct,  $\square$  through payroll deduction, or  $\square$  through the plan.

To be paid  $\square$  direct,  $\square$  through payroll deduction, or  $\square$  through the plan.

| 5.1 | Nonpri                | ority unsecured claims                           | not separately classific                             | ed.  |                                |   |                 |
|-----|-----------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|
|     |                       |  | claims that are not separament will be effective. Ch |  | d, pro rata. If more t         | han one option is checked,                                  | the             |
|     | <u> </u>              | The sum of \$                                    | <u>_</u> .   |  |                                |   |                 |
|     |                       | % of the total a                                 | mount of these claims, a                             | n estimated payment of                         | \$                             |   |                 |
|     |                       | The funds remaining afte                         | er disbursements have be                             | een made to all other cre                      | ditors provided for in         | this plan.  |                 |
|     | If                    | the estate of the debtor(                        | (s) were liquidated under                            | chapter 7, nonpriority ur                      | secured claims wou             | ld be paid approximately                                    |                 |
|     | \$ <sub>-</sub><br>th | Regardless<br>nis amount.                        | s of the options checked                             | above, payments on allo                        | wed nonpriority unse           | ecured claims will be made                                  | in at least     |
|     |                       |  |  |  |                                |   |                 |
| 5.2 | Other s               | separately classified no                         | onpriority unsecured cla                             | aims (special claimants                        | s). Check one.                 |   |                 |
|     | □ N                   | one. If "None" is checke                         | d, the rest of § 5.2 need                            | not be completed or rep                        | roduced.                       |   |                 |
|     |                       | The nonpriority unsecu                           | ured allowed claims listed                           | d below are separately cl                      | assified and will be t         | reated as follows   |                 |
|     |                       | Name of creditor                                 | (  | Basis for separate classification and reatment | Approximat amount owe          | ·   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  |  |                                | _   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  |  |                                |   | <u> </u>        |
|     |                       |  |  |  |                                |   | <u></u>         |
|     |                       |  |  |  |                                |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  |  |                                |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  |  |                                |   |                 |
| D   |                       | 5  | aka anad blanconina di L                             |  |                                |   |                 |
| Par | l 6:                  | Executory Contrac                                | ts and Unexpired Le                                  | eases  |                                |   |                 |
| 6.1 |                       | ecutory contracts and<br>expired leases are reje |  | below are assumed ar                           | d will be treated as           | specified. All other exec                                   | utory contracts |
|     | ☐ Non                 | e. If "None" is checked,                         | the rest of § 6.1 need no                            | t be completed or reproc                       | luced.                         |   |                 |
|     | to ar                 |  | r rule. Arrearage payme                              |  |                                | y the debtor(s), as specifie<br>Il column includes only pay |                 |
|     | 1                     | Name of creditor                                 | Description of leased property or executor contract  |  | Amount of arrearage to be paid | Treatment of arrearage                                      |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | _ \$   | \$                             |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | _ Ψ<br>Disbursed by:                           | Ş                              |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | ☐ Trustee                                      |                                |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | ☐ Debtor(s)                                    |                                |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | _ \$   | \$                             |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | Disbursed by:                                  | -                              |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | ☐ Trustee                                      |                                |   |                 |
|     |                       |  |  | Debtor(s)                                      |                                |   |                 |

Insert additional contracts or leases as needed.

Address Line 1 Address Line 2

Email Address

City, State, and Zip Code Telephone Number

MS Bar Number

| Part 7: Vesting of Property of the Esta  | te  |
|--|---|
| 7.1 Property of the estate will vest in the debtor(  | s) upon entry of discharge.   |
| Part 8: Nonstandard Plan Provisions  |   |
| 8.1 Check "None" or List Nonstandard Plan Prov   | visions   |
| ☐ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part   | 8 need not be completed or reproduced.  |
| Under Bankruptcy Rule 3015(c), nonstandard provis<br>Official Form or deviating from it. Nonstandard provi | ions must be set forth below. A nonstandard provision is a provision not otherwise included in the isions set out elsewhere in this plan are ineffective. |
| The following plan provisions will be effective on   | nly if there is a check in the box "Included" in § 1.3.   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
| Part 9: Signature(s):  |   |
| Signature(s).  |   |
| 9.1 Signatures of Debtor(s) and Debtor(s)' Attorn  |   |
| The Debtor(s) and attorney for the Debtor(s), if any, complete address and telephone number.               | must sign below. If the Debtor(s) do not have an attorney, the Debtor(s) must provide their   |
| 40   |   |
| <b>X</b>   | <b>X</b>  |
| Signature of Debtor 1  | Signature of Debtor 2   |
| Executed on  | Executed on   |
|  |   |
| Address Line 1   | Address Line 1  |
| Address Line 2   | Address Line 2  |
| City, State, and Zip Code  | City, State, and Zip Code   |
| Telephone Number   | Telephone Number  |
| ×  | Date  |
| Signature of Attorney for Debtor(s)  | MM / DD / YYYY  |

# Appendix B

| DISTRICT OF MISSI  | UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| In re:  [NAME OF DEBTOR],  | Case No.: [XX-XXXXX-XXX]                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DEBTOR.  | Chapter 13   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ORDER CONFIRMING CHAPTER 1   | 3 PLAN   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The debtor's plan was filed on subsequent order(s) of the court, if any. The plan was transmitted Rule 3015. The court finds that the plan meets the requi   | to creditors pursuant to Bankruptcy                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IT IS ORDERED THAT:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. The debtor's chapter 13 plan attached hereto is confirmed.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. The following motions are granted ( <i>if any</i> ):  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>a. Motion for valuation of security, payment of fully secundersecured claims made under Rule 3012 (§ 3.2 of the plane).</li> <li>b. Motion to avoid lien pursuant to Section 522 (§ 3.4 of the plane).</li> </ul> | n);  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. The stay under Section 362(a) is terminated as to the collateral of is terminated in all respects regarding collateral listed in Section 2.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. All property shall remain property of the estate and shall ves discharge. The debtor shall be responsible for the preservation estate not transferred to the trustee.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. The debtor's attorney is awarded a fee in the amount of \$ due and payable from the estate.   | , of which \$ amount left owed is                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ##END OF ORDER## Approved:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attorney for the Debtor  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Submitted by:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| [Attorney Name and Bar No.]  [Address]  [Telephone No.] and [Email address]  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |